FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

[VOL. XLI.] FAYETTEVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA, DECEMBER 28, 1857. [NO. 2117]

EDWARD J. HALE & SON,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

At $2 00 per annum, if paid in advance; $2 50 if paid during the year of subscription; or $3 00 after the year has expired.

Price for the Semi-Weekly OBSERVER $3 00 if paid in advance; $3 50 if paid during the year of subscription; or $4 00 after the year has expired.

Carthage Institute.

THE next Session will commence on the second Monday in January.

The location of the School is unusually healthy, in the midst of a moral and intelligent community. The course of instruction, it is hoped, is sufficiently ample and thorough; embracing all the studies preparatory to the University and other Colleges in the State, and also such other branches as those not expecting to take a classical course may prefer. Whilst a high degree of mental culture is our chief aim, the moral and physical development of the Students shall not be neglected.

TERMS:

Elementary English,	$8 00
Higher English and Arithmetic,	12 50
Languages and higher Mathematics,	17 50
Contingencies per Scholar,	50

Students will be charged from time of entering to the end of the Session. No deduction made for absence except from sickness or other unavoidable cause.

Board, including lights, fuel, washing, &c., can be had in the best families in the village and vicinity at from $7 to $9 per month.

CLEMENT DOWD, A. B., Principal.
Dec. 12, 1857. 68*4t

BUFFALO
Male and Female School.

THE Exercises of this Institution will be resumed on TUESDAY the 5TH JANUARY next.

The attention of parents and guardians is respectfully solicited to this School, as it is the aim of the teachers to afford the best facilities to those pupils entrusted to their care for the attainment of a complete and thorough school education, as well as general improvement.

Ample provision has been made for the accommodation of at least fifty students within one and a half miles of the School Rooms.

Six or eight young ladies can obtain board in the family of the Principal.

Tuition per Session of five months, viz:
English, according to advancement, $7 50, $10 and $12 50; Latin, Greek and higher Mathematics $15

EXTRA IN FEMALE DEPARTMENT.

Music on Piano with use of instrument,	$20 00
French, Drawing, Painting and Needlework, each	5 00

Board from $7 to $8 per month

Students will be charged from the time of entering

D. McINTYRE, } Principals.
Mrs. D. McINTYRE, }

Buffalo, Moore Co., N. C., Dec. 8. 68*3t

HAYWOOD FEMALE INSTITUTE.

THE Second Session will commence the 11th January next, under the supervision of Mr. P. C. Shaw and Lady, whom we also take pleasure in recommending to parents generally—satisfied as we are, from the results of last session, that they are successful and thorough teachers, and certainly merit a liberal patronage for their enterprise in building up a school of so high moral and intellectual character. And we can assure those who have daughters to educate, that their moral and intellectual training will be as faithfully and strictly attended to, as at any similar institution in the country. The regular rates of tuition are 10, 12½ and 15 dollars, per session, according to the advancement of the pupil. Extras, French, Drawing and Painting in water colors, 5 dollars each Monochromatic painting 10 dollars. Music on the Piano, including the use of intrument 20 dollars Latin and Greek at the usual prices. Fifty cents per scholar will be added for contingencies. Pupils will be charged from the time of entering to the end of session. No deduction will be made except in cases of protracted sickness. For any information relative to board, parents are referred to Messrs P. C. Shaw, B. I. Howze or J. W. Scott.

B. I. HOWZE, ELIAS BRYAN.
J. S. LASSITER, RICH'D FAUCETT.
W. HOGAN JONES, R. K. SMITH.
JOSEPH AVANT, JNO. W. SCOTT.
Dec. 11, 1857. 68-4t

HAYWOOD HIGH SCHOOL.

THE next Session of this Institution will commence on the 2d Monday in January, 18 58. A. R. BLACK, A. M., being Principal.

We take pleasure in stating to the patrons and public generally, that out of 60 Students in both Schools last session, there was not a single case of fever, or any sickness of a local character, and the same may be said of all the families residing in Haywood.

Persons wishing to patronize the School are assured that besides the mental training, the morals of their sons will be as safe here as at any other school: for we feel no hesitation in saying that this community in point of morality and intelligence, will compare favorably with any other; and believe that in proportion to wealth, there is none less extravagant.

Board and Tuition as heretofore,—for particulars of which apply to Elias Bryan or A. R. Black.

RICHARDSON FAUCETT, J. S. LASSITER,
JOSEPH AVANT, R. K. SMITH,
ELIAS BRYAN, B. I. HOWZE,
W. H. JONES, J. W. SCOTT.
Haywood, Dec'r 5, 1857. 68-4*w

Mt. Vernon Seminary.

THE fifth Session of the Male Department of this Institution will open on the 2d Monday in January, 1858.

TERMS as heretofore—varying from $5 to $15; $1 for incidental expenses. One half payable in advance, and if payment is delayed, interest will be charged in all cases.

Arrangements are making to furnish greater accommodations for Board within a short distance of the Academy. Board at $8 per month. It is very important for all to be present at the opening of the Session, though pupils will be admitted during the Session, and charged from time of entrance to the *close*. No deductions made unless in cases of protracted illness.

The Trustees seem determined to assist in offering to the public an Institution worthy of united patronage

For particulars address

R. P. JONES, Principal.
Goldston, N. C., Dec. 14, 1857. 68*5t

BELMONT SELECT SCHOOL,
Granville County, N. C.

10 MILES SOUTH OF CLARKSVILLE, VIRGINIA.

R. H. GRAVES, Principal.

THE Principal, after teaching for twenty years having determined to establish a permanent Select School in the country, selected the above location out of many which he had carefully examined, as being preeminently suitable for the purpose designed: reference being had especially to health, and the advantages of social, moral and religious influence. To attain these ends, though at the expense of improving a new place, the site was procured in the midst of a community noted for intelligence, refinement and moral worth, remote from stores, tippling shops, and other places of temptation to extravagance and vice.

The School has been two years in successful operation, and the character of the location above given is freely awarded to it by all acquainted therewith.

Board can be had in families of the highest respectability.

As the number of classes will be limited, it is important that applicants state the progress already made.

TERMS.—For Board and Tuition per Session of 20 weeks, $85, payable in advance.

The next Session will commence 14th January 1858. Address the Principal at Brassfield P. O., Granville Co., N. C.

Dec'r 4. 66*6t

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
ROBESON COUNTY.

Office of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to February Term 1858.

James Braswell, Solomon Butler and wife Mary, Samuel Butler and wife Milly, Gideon Yelvington and wife Nancy, Ashley Braswell, Allen Braswell, *versus* Kinneth Braswell, Henry Braswell, Wheat Braswell, Lotty Braswell, and the children and next of kin of Tobias Braswell: dec'd.

This is a Petition filed in the Office for a division of Slaves among the next of kin of Richard Braswell, deceased, late of the County of Robeson.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Clerk of this Court that said Kinneth Braswell, Henry Braswell, Wheat Braswell, and Lofty Braswell, children of William Braswell, deceased, who was a brother of the intestate Richard Braswell, and also the children and next of kin of Tobias Braswell, deceased, who was also a brother of said intestate, and whose names are unknown, are non residents of this State: therefore, the said Kinneth, Henry, Wheat and Lotty Braswell, children of William Braswell, deceased, and the children and next of kin of said Tobias Braswell, dec'd, whose names are unknown, are hereby notified to appear at the next Term of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the County of Robeson, at the Court House in Lumberton, on the fourth Monday in February next, and plead, answer or demur to the said Petition, otherwise the same will be heard ex parte as to them, and a decree be rendered pro confesso.

J. M. HARTMAN, Clerk.
Dec'r 4, 1857. 70*6t

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
ROBESON COUNTY.

Office of the Clerk and Master in Equity.

James Braswell, Solomon Butler and wife Mary, Samuel Butler and wife Milly, Gideon Yelvington and wife Nancy, Ashley Braswell, Allen Braswell, vs. Kinneth Braswell, Henry Braswell, Wheat Braswell, Lotty Braswell, and the heirs at law of Tobias Braswell, dec'd.

This is a Petition filed in the Office of the Clerk and Master in Equity for the County of Robeson aforesaid, praying for a sale of a Tract of Land lying in Robeson County, containing about 340 acres, of which Richard Braswell, deceased, died seized and possessed.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Clerk and Master of this Court, that said Kinneth, Henry, Wheat and Lotty Braswell, children of William Braswell, deceased, who was a brother of Richard Braswell, deceased; and also the children of Tobias Braswell, deceased, who was also a brother of said Richard, deceased, whose names are unknown, are hereby notified to appear at the next Term of the Court of Equity, to be held for the County of Robeson, at the Court House in Lumberton, on the 4th Monday in March next and defend said Petition, otherwise the same will be heard ex parte and a decree of sale be rendered pro confesso as to said parties non resident.

R. S. FRENCH, C. & M. E.
Dec'r 14. 70*6t

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
ANSON COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, October Term, 1857.

Asa Little, Adm'r of Rachel Little, vs. William P. Little and others.

Petition for Settlement.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Jesse Little and James B. Lee and wife Hannah, the defendants, are not inhabitants of this State, on motion it is ordered that publication be made in the Fayetteville Observer for six weeks successively, notifying the defendants to appear at the next Term of this Court to be held for the County of Anson at the Court House in Wadesborough on the second Monday in January next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to said petition, or judgment pro confesso will be entered against them, and the petition heard ex parte as to them.

Witness, Patrick J. Coppedge, Clerk of said Court at office in Wadesborough, the second Monday of October 1857.

P. J. COPPEDGE, Clerk.
62-*6w]

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
ANSON COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, October Term, 1857.

John Broadaway, Adm'r of Nathan A. Morris vs. James W. Morris and others.

Petition for sale of land.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that James W. Morris, Jackson J. Morris, Thomas J. Morris, and John P. Griffin and wife Ann, the defendants, are not inhabitants of this State, on motion it is ordered, that publication be made in the Fayetteville Observer for six weeks successively, notifying the defendants to appear at the next Term of the Court, to be held for the County of Anson at the Court House in Wadesboro', on the second Monday in January next; then and there to plead, answer or demur to said petition, or judgment pro confesso will be entered against them, and the petition heard ex parte as to them.

Witness, Patrick J. Coppedge, Clerk of said Court, at office in Wadesborough, the second Monday of October, 1857.

P. J. COPPEDGE, Clerk.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Court of Equity, Fall Term 1857.

Benjamin Smith vs. Jonathan Worth, Adm'r of William B. Ham, and Giles Ham and others.

IN this case it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendants, Williams Ham and Zaconiah Ham, are non-residents of this State, it is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Fayetteville Observer, a newspaper published in the Town of Fayetteville, for six weeks, notifying said Defendants to be and appear at the next Court of Equity, to be held for the County of Cumberland, then and there to plead, answer or demur to Complainant's bill, or judgment pro confesso will be entered and the cause heard ex parte as to them.

Witness, Walter A. Huske, Clerk and Master of our said Court, the 7th Monday after the 4th Monday in September 1857.

64*6t] W. A. HUSKE, C. M. E.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.

BY virtue of a Decree of the Court of Equity, at Fall Term, 1857, upon the petition of Frances Evans and others, I will sell, at the Market House in Fayetteville, on Saturday the 2d day of January next,

330 ACRES OF LAND,

lying on the East side of the Cape Fear, three miles above Rockfish, adjoining the lands of Jonathan Evans, John McDaniel, W. B. Fields, and Henry Carter, deceased, known as the *Blocker Land*, about 100 acres of which is cleared. The said land is heavily timbered, and very valuable for farming purposes.

Terms of sale, six and twelve months, with interest from date: Bond and security required from the purchaser.

W. A. HUSKE, Clerk and Master.
Dec'r 1. 65-T*ts

North Carolina,—RANDOLPH COUNTY.
Clerk and Master's Office, Dec. 4. 1857.

WHEREAS the Executors of Eli Bray and others have filed in this Office their Bill of Complaint against Benj'n Marley and wife Ruth, Samuel Bray, John D. Brown and wife Jane, and others, praying for a construction of the testator's will and an account or settlement of his Estate; and it is made to appear to me by affidavit that the said Marley and wife, Samuel Bray, and Brown and wife, are not inhabitants of this State. Therefore, the said Marley and wife, Samuel Bray, and Brown and wife are hereby notified to appear at the next Court of Equity to be held for the County of Randolph, at the Court House in Asheborough, on the 4th Monday of March next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to said Bill, otherwise the bill will be taken as confessed, and the Court will make such Decree therein as may be deemed just.

Witness, J. Worth, Clerk and Master of Randolph Court of Equity, at office in Asheborough.

JONATHAN WORTH, C. M. E.
Dec. 7. 66-*6t

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers having, at November Term, 1857 of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of Sampson County, taken Letters of Administration on the estate of Mrs. Mary J. Williams, deceased, hereby give notice to all persons having claims against the estate of the deceased, to present the same, duly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, otherwise this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

Debtors to the said estate will please to make immediate payment.

M. R. WILLIAMS, Administratrix.
W. DRAUGHON, Administrator.
November 18, 1857.

FURTHER NOTICE.

ON Wednesday the 6th January 1858, the subscribers will sell, at Clinton, all the HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE belonging to the estate of the late Mrs. Mary J. Williams.

Also, at the Plantation, 23 miles above Clinton, on Thursday and Friday the 7th and 8th January, will be sold, all the Stock, consisting of 50 to 60 fat Hogs, 75 to 100 stock Hogs, 40 to 50 head of Cattle, 30 to 40 head of Sheep, 4 Mules, Carriage and Horses, about 1000 bushels of Corn, and a Large lot of Forage. Also, all of the Household and Kitchen Furniture, Farming utensils, &c.,

And on the 8th, will be hired for 12 months, about 60 Negroes, among whom are first rate turpentine hands, good cooks, wagon drivers, &c.

The above sales will be made on the usual terms.

M. R. WILLIAMS, Administratrix.
W. DRAUGHON, Administrator.
Dec. 8, 1857. 67-swlt*ts

FOR RENT,

THE Subscriber, as Guardian of the infant children of the late Mrs. Mary J. Williams, dec'd, will, on Wednesday the 6th January, 1858, rent out for one year, the Dwelling House in Clinton, lately occupied by the deceased, together with the land adjoining.

And on Friday the 8th, on the premises, will rent out for the same period, the Plantation, 23 miles above Clinton, belonging to the estate of the late Mrs. Mary J. Williams; and also the "Cox Place," adjoining the same.

W. DRAUGHGON, Guardian.
Dec. 8, 1857. 67swlt*tt

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

ON Monday, January 4, 1858, at the late residence of Alex McAlister in this County, I will sell

23 *NEGROES,*

among them four men, three boys, seven women, two girls, and seven children.

Also the crop of corn, fodder and hay. A quantity of pork. Four mules, three horses, cows and calves, sows and pigs. One carriage, two road wagons, one raft of timber, Household and Kitchen Furniture, &c., &c.

Also a Library of Miscellaneous Books.

The sale will commence on Monday and continue until all is sold.

Terms, 6 months credit. Bond and approved security required.

NEILL McDUGALD, Adm'r.
Kyle's Landing, Cumberland Co., Dec. 11, 1857. } 68-*ts

NOTICE.

AT December Term 1857, of Cumberland county Court, the subscriber qualified as administrator of the Goods and Chattels, rights and credits, of the late Sarah Leach. All persons indebted to her are notified to make payment. Those holding claims must present them in due time or this notice will be pleaded in bar of a recovery.

ALEXANDER LEACH.

FURTHER NOTICE.

ON the 31st day of this month, at the residence of Mrs. Mary Leach, in Cumberland county, I will sell on six months credit, the Perishable Property belonging to the late Sarah Leach.

ALEXANDER LEACH, Administrator.
Dec'r 11, 1857. 68*6tpd

20 NEGROES TO HIRE.

THE Subscriber will, on Saturday, the 2d day of January next, at the family residence 8 miles north of Fayetteville, hire out for one year, the NEGROES belonging to the Estate of C. Hargrove, dec'd. They consist of Men, Women and Children, among them are good Turpentine and farm hands, and house servants. Approved bonds will be required of persons hiring before the negroes are delivered.

Terms fully made known on the day of hiring.

JOHN P. McLEAN, Guardian.
Dec. 14, 1857. 68*tH

NOTICE.

AT the December Term of the County Court for Cumberland County, the subscriber qualified as Administrator *de bonis non* of the estate of the late Dr. Hiram Robinson

The NEGROES belonging to said estate will be hired out at the Market House, in Fayetteville, on the 1st day of Jan'y next.

H. H. ROBINSON.
Dec. 16, 1857. 70 3t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

THE subscriber having qualified at the November Term of the County Court of Bladen, as Executor of the last Will and Testament of Willie Atkinson, Dec'd, hereby requests all persons indebted to said estate, to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims to present them within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

W. A. ATKINSON, Ex'r.
Elizabethtown, Dec 14, 1857. 70*6t

CLERK AND MASTER'S OFFICE,
RANDOLPH COUNTY, N. C.

WHEREAS, Jonathan Worth, administrator de bonis non, with the will annexed, of John McNeill, Senior, and as administrator of John McNeill, jr, has filed in this office his bill of complaint against Jennet McNeill, R. E. Harris and wife Janet Ann, Martin McNeill, John McLean, Henry Atkins and wife Flora, and Sarah Shaw, for a construction of the testator's will and for a final settlement of his estate, and it appearing to me by affidavit that the said Atkins and wife, and Sarah Shaw are not inhabitants of this State: Therefore, Notice is hereby given to said non resident defendants to appear at the next Court of Equity to be held for said County, at the Court House in Asheborough, on the 4th Monday of March, 1858, then and there to plead, answer or demur to said bill, otherwise the same will be taken as confessed, and the Court will make such decree therein as may seem just.

Witness, J. Worth, Clerk and Master of said Court, at office in Asheborough, this 8th December, 1857.

68*6t] J. WORTH, C. M. E.

CLERK AND MASTER'S OFFICE,
RANDOLPH COUNTY, N. C.

WHEREAS, Jesse Marley has filed in the Office of the Clerk and Master in Equity for Randolph County, his bill of complaint against John Marley, Thomas Marley, the heirs at law of Patsey Teague, the heirs at law of Rachel Marley, the heirs at law of Polly Branson and Elizabeth Underwood, Polly Siler, John Stewart, Elizabeth McDaniel, Frankey Beck, Nancey Allridge, Rebecca McDaniel, and Sophia Wood, praying for a construction of the Will of Miriam P. Alston, and an account and settlement of the plaintiff's administration of her will as her testator; and it appearing to me that all the defendants (excepting John and Thomas Marley,) are non residents of this State, therefore, Notice is hereby given to said non resident defendants to appear at the next Court of Equity, to be held for said County at the Court House in Asheborough, on the 4th Monday of March, 1858, then and there to plead, answer or demur to said bill, otherwise the same may be taken as confessed, and heard ex parte as to them.

Witness, J. Worth, Clerk and Master of said Court, at Asheborough, this 8th Dec'r, 1857.

68*6t] J. WORTH, C. M. E.

Blanks for sale at tis Office.

DESIRABLE HOTEL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THAT valuable Stand in the village of Asheborough, known as the "RANDOLPH HOUSE," formerly occupied as a Hotel by J. M. A. Drake, is offered for sale, on accommodating terms. To a person qualified and desirous to engage in the Hotel business, a very flattering opportunity is offered for a profitable investment. Asheboro' is a healthy locality, society unsurpassed in any inland village, good opportunity for educating children, and in fact a very desirable residence for a family.

If not sold privately before the first Monday in Feb'y next, it will be offered for sale to the highest bidder on the premises on that day, and sold without reserve.

For information in regard to the property, a letter addressed to A. J. Hale, Esq., of Asheborough, or to myself at Cedar Falls, will receive prompt attention.

J. B. TROY, Ag't.

P. S. The property probably could be obtained on lease if desired.

Dec. 16, 1857. 70*ts

HIGHLY IMPORTANT SALE.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust, executed to me by the "Cane Creek, Farmer's and Mechanic's Cotton Manufacturing Company, of Orange and Chatham," for certain purposes therein mentioned, I will sell on the 27th of January next, all the real and personal property of said Company, consisting of the

COTTON FACTORY,

containing Eight Spinning Frames—132 spindles to each Frame, together with all the necessary machinery to operate the same. Also, Eighteen Looms, with the necessary machinery for the same. Also, one Turning Lathe and Tools; one Wool Carding Machine; one Steam Engine (forty horse power;) one Grist Mill, with four pair of runners; one Saw Mill; one Cotton Gin; and set of Smith Tools.

Also, 25½ acres of LAND, with 16 DWELLINGS, affording ample accommodations for the operatives; and 200 acres of Woodland within one mile of the mills.

The above named Mills are situated on Cane Creek, in Alamance. The Grist Mill has a large custom and an enviable reputation, and will run through the dryest season by giving it all the water and operating the Factory by steam. There is also an excellent Store House connected with the establishment, which is one of the best stands in the country for selling goods.

Altogether, the above property is the most desirable for making money that has been offered of late, and the attention of capitalists is called to the same.

Terms made known on day of sale.

JOHN CRAWFORD, Trustee.
Dec'r 14. 70-4t

SALE OF SLAVES,

BY an order of the Court of Equity of Robeson County, rendered at Fall Term, 1857, upon the petition of Winnifred Blount, and others, minor children of William Blount, deceased, by their Guardian, Joseph Thompson, I will on FRIDAY, the 1st DAY OF JANUARY, 1858, before the door of the Court House in Lumberton, offer for sale

37 SLAVES,

consisting of Men, Women and Children. Among them are valuable Mechanics, Ditchers, and Field Hands.

Terms of sale, 12 months credit, the purchasers giving bond with satisfactory security.

R. S. FRENCH, C. M. E.
Nov'r 30, 1857. 66*4w

LAND AND MILLS FOR SALE.

BY virtue of two Deeds of Trust, executed to me by James Price, for purposes therein specified, I will sell, to the highest bidder, on Saturday, the 9th Jan., 1858, that valuable place known as LUMBER BRIDGE, in Robeson County, containing 400 acres of Land.

There is a comfortable Dwelling House and all necessary out-houses, with about 75 Acres of cleared Land under good fence and in a high state of cultivation. It is as healthy as any place in the county, with 2 wells of good water, a first rate GRIST MILL and COTTON GIN—all new and in good credit. Also, a large and commodious Store House, well arranged and in a good business stand.

Also, at the same time and place I will sell 2 head of Horses, one Wagon, one Buggy and Harness, 400 bushels CORN, 700 lbs. Fodder and Hay, 50 Head Hogs, 7 Head of Cattle, household and kitchen furniture, and Blacksmith's tools.

Terms made known at Sale.

DANIEL McNATT, Trus.
Dec. 5th 1857. 66*5tpd

NOTICE.

I WILL hire to the highest bidder, at the late residence of Duncan McLean, dec'd, on the 1st day of January 1858, all the NEGROES belonging to said Estate, for the term of twelve months; hirers to give bond with approved security.

JAMES S. HARRINGTON, Adm'r.
Dec. 10, 1857. 68-*3t

NOTICE.

THE subscriber lost a small PORTE MONAIE on Saturday the 28th ult., between the Toll House at Murchison's Factory and Andrew Brown's, containing One Hundred and Sixty Dollars in money; one Note on H. C. McLean for Twenty-six and 25-100 dollars, made payable to the subscriber; one on Andrew Brown for Ninety-three and 45-100 dollars, made payable to R. E. Rives, and endorsed over to me; and other papers not recollected. Any person finding said money and notes will be LIBERALLY REWARDED by leaving the same at this Office, or addressing me at Long Street, Moore County. THOS. J. MINTER.
Nov'r 30. 68*4t

DRY GOODS
AT FLORAL COLLEGE.

THE Subscriber expects to receive his Fall and Winter Goods in a few days; his stock this season will be found unusually attractive, comprised in part of a large assortment of

Staple Goods; Ladies' Dress Goods; Ready-made Clothing; Boots; Shoes; Hats; Caps; Bonnets; Cloaks; Talmas; &c.

In fact, everything usually found in a Dry Goods Store, all of which will be sold to suit the times to cash and prompt paying customers. At No. 1, Floral Avenue, is the place to find cheap, good and handsome Goods. Bear this in mind. EDMUND LILLY.
Sept. 4, 1857. 40-*tf

TO PLANTERS AND FARMERS:

THE Lodi Manufacturing Company, incorporated in 1840, with a capital of $100,000, offer their

New and Improved Poudrette

for sale, as the cheapest and best fertilizer for Corn, Cotton, Tobacco and Kitchen Gardens that can be made. It has been used with great success in the Northern States for seventeen years. It is inodorous, very powerful, and yet can be used without danger in contact with the seed. The night soil of the city of New York, from which this fertilizer is manufactured, is well known as the most powerful manure in the world. Price per barrel on board of vessel in New York, $1 50—for seven barrels and over—under that quantity $2 00 per barrel. Terms cash. A pamphlet will be sent gratis and post paid to any applicants.

☞A trial, however small, is respectfully solicited.

Address LODI MANUFACTURING CO.,
60 Courtlandt Street, New York.
Dec'r 12. 68*2m

NEGROES WANTED.

THE undersigned will pay the highest cash price for YOUNG NEGROES. Letters addressed to either of us at Laurinburgh, Richmond county, will have prompt attention.

D. C. McLAURIN,
DANIEL M. McLAURIN.
Laurinburgh, Dec. 26, 1856. 68tf

ALMANACS.

THE Farmers and Planters, and Turner's North Carolina Almanacs for 1858.

E. J. HALE & SON.
Oct'r 24.

LAURINBURGH HIGH SCHOOL.

THE exercises of this Institution will commence on Tuesday, the 12th day of Jan'y next, Rev. JOHN W. MAJOR, Principal. Mr. Major comes with high testimonials of character from Rev. Dr. Junkin and others as a gentleman, a scholar, and a successful instructor of youth, of several years experience.

Dr Junkin says of him, "He is a gentleman whose scholarship, experience, piety and gentlemanly bearing qualify him for the post. * * * In *every respect*, as a *man*, a *preacher*, a *teacher*, and a CITIZEN, I think he is worthy of your confidence."

The Session with close with a public examination, on Thursday the 10th day of June.

Rates of Tuition as formerly, 8, 12 and 20 dollars per Session: no deductions for absence except in sickness.

Board, exclusive of washing and room lights, 8 dollars per month.

Further information can be had by addressing the undersigned. D. C. McINTYRE, Sec'y.

Laurinburgh, Richmond Co., N. C., Dec'r 16, 1857. } 70*4t

Wilmington Journal, weekly, copy 2 times and send bill to L. W. McLaurin, Treas., Laurinburgh, N. C.

TEACHER WANTED,

TO take charge of the Sand Hill Academy, located about 9 miles below Bennettsville, Marlboro' Dist., S. C. Applicants must be competent to teach the Classics, as well as a thorough English Course, and must accompany applications with testimonials of character and competency. Salary four hundred and forty ($440) dollars and board. Election to take place on 15th Jan'y 1858. Address,

J. N. TOWNSEND,
Bennettsville, S. C.
Dec'r 15. 70*3w

MIDDLETON ACADEMY.

THE next Session of this institution will commence on the 1st day January next. Tuition for Primary English Branches $8 00; Arithmetic, Geography, English Grammar, 10 00; higher English and Mathematics 12 00; Latin, Greek and French, 15 00. Students charged only from the time of entering till the close of the session; but no deductions for absence except in case of protracted illness. Board can be obtained in the best of families at moderate rates.

For further particulars address the undersigned at Franklinsville, Randolph County, N. C.

M. S. ROBINS, Principal.
Dec'r 18, 1857. 70*4tpd

THE WARSAW HOUSE

IS NOW OPEN, and the subscriber solicits the patronage of the travelling community and the public in general. Every exertion on his part will be used to render them comfortable during their sojourn with him. His table will be always supplied with the best the market affords.

His bar will be furnished with the best Liquors that can be bought.

He has spacious Stables, and careful Ostlers in attendance at all times.

Passengers going North can buy through tickets to Weldon, from the Agent at the Fayetteville Hotel, returning can buy tickets at the W. & W. R. R. Office at Weldon.

Passengers stopping at the Warsaw House can have their baggage carried to and from the Rail Road. The Stage arrives at Warsaw at 1½ o'clock, A. M., and leaves for Fayetteville on the arrival of the cars at 7½ P. M.

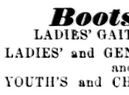
I have also a Daily Stage line running to Kenansville, packages and small boxes will to be forwarded to any point on the line.

N. FREDERICK, Proprietor.

STAGE AGENTS—J. H. Roberts, Fayetteville; G. W. Atkins, Clinton; J. B. Southerland, Warsaw; John Campbell, Weldon; Isaac B. Kelly, Kenansville.

Nov. 6, 1857. 63-*6m

STANLY HOTEL



THE Subscribers having lately purchased the above mentioned HOUSE, respectfully solicits public patronage. We will spare no pains to render all comfortable who may favor us with a call. Our Table shall be furnished with the best the Market affords.

Our STALLS are in good repair, well supplied, and attentive Ostlers in attendance.

We also have a Large Stock of Goods

on hand, consisting of a general variety, which we offer low for cash or on time to punctual dealers.

STEED, HARRIS & ROSS.
Albemarle, N. C., Oct. 28, 1857. 56-*6mpd

JAMES A. PALMER,
OF SAINT LOUIS,

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Fayetteville and vicinity that he has taken Rooms over Mr. Hugh Graham's Clothing Store, where he is prepared to make

SILVER PLATE PICTURES

in accordance with the LATEST IMPROVEMENTS in the Art, and that are superior, in life-like effect, distinctness and delicacy of shading, to anything that has yet been produced upon glass, leather or sheet iron. The Silver-plate Picture possesses also acknowledged superiority for Durability, over every other style of pictures made at the present time.

Mr. P. would remark that, for a limited time, he will hold himself in readiness to make Pictures in strict accordance with the above representations, of all sizes, from the smallest Locket, upward.

Those desirous of obtaining Pictures of themselves or friends, are respectfully solicited to call, and my motto shall be TO PLEASE.

The most suitable dress is always dark or figured, avoiding white.

Views of Buildings Taken.

Instructions given in the art.

Fayetteville, N. C., Dec. 7, 1857. 66*tf

New Goods Again!

THE undersigned has now in Store a COMPLETE STOCK OF

GROCERIES
AND
HEAVY HARDWARE;
—ALSO—
Negro Kerseys, Blankets, Hats and Brogans.

All or any of which will be sold low. Those in want call soon. G. W. I GOLDSTON.

N. B.—A few Bushels Seed Wheat.
Oct'r 19, 1857. 52-*tf

$500 Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, about the middle of June last, a negro man by the name of SIMON. The said negro is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a dark complexion, and has a young appearance; is upwards of thirty years of age; weighing 130 or 140 lbs. Has a very small foot. Reads very well for a negro, keep accounts, and is very intelligent. A scar on one of his knees, from a cut of an axe, which sometimes makes him limp. About 35 years of age. Said negro is very cunning and artful, and may attempt to pass himself as a free negro. According to the best information I can get I am led to believe said negro is lurking in Richmond Co., and on Big Rockfish in Robeson.

I will give twenty-five dollars for the apprehension of the said boy in any Jail in the State; I will give one hundred dollars reward for proof sufficient to convict any person in a Court of Justice for harboring said negro; or five hundred dollars for proof to convict any person of decoying him off. Any information concerning said negro will be thankfully received.

JOHN FAIRLEY.
Montpelier P. O., Richmond Co., N. C. 70*tf

NEGROES FOR HIRE.

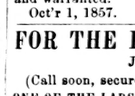
I HAVE several Negroes for hire for the next year, consisting of men, women, boys and girls. Apply soon to E. J. LILLY.
Dec'r 14. 68*3t

JOHN HALL,
Commission Merchant,
43½ NORTH WATER STREET,
Wilmington, N. C.,

WILL sell Cotton, Naval Stores, and Breadstuffs, for a Commission of one per cent. Cotton and Spirits Turpentine forwarded to Northern Ports for five cents per bale and cask; other Naval Stores 2½ cts. per barrel.

REFERENCE.—E. P. Hall, Prest. Br. Bank of the State of N. C.
Nov. 24. 64-3mpd

J. T. HOUSTON,
(Successor to J. M. Beasley in the Watch and Jewelry Business,)



RESPECTFULLY calls the attention of the ladies and gentlemen of Fayetteville, and his friends at a distance, to this fact, and begs an acceptance of thanks for their patronage to the late firm, Beasley & Houston; he will conduct the business in his own name, determined to earn a liberal patronage by correct dealing with all who will favor him with their custom. He has now for sale a large stock of fine

Gold and Silver Watches and Jewelry,
of the latest styles out;
Silver Spoons, Forks, Cups, &c., Fine Cutlery, Gold Pens, Surveyor's Compasses and Instruments, Walking Canes, Fine Violins, Flutes and Accordeons, Fine Double Guns, Colt's and other Pistols, Caps, &c., &c., &c.

☞ Watches and Jewelry carefully repaired; Accordeons correctly tuned; and Engraving handsomely executed by J. T. HOUSTON.
Oct'r 20. 53tf

COTTON BAGGING.

DUNDEE and GUNNY BAGGING in quantities to suit purchasers. For sale by

JAS. G. COOK.
Sept. 17. 43tf

TANNER'S OIL & DRY HIDES.

20 BPLS. Tanner's Oil,—a superior article; also, a fine lot of Dry Hides. For sale by

JAS. G. COOK.
Nov. 28. 62-

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.

I AM now receiving additions to my Stock of

Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware, Military and Fancy Goods,

Which makes my Stock good. Those who are about to make their purchases would do well to call.

W. PRIOR.

☞ Watch Repairing done in the best manner and warranted.
Oct'r 1, 1857. 47-3m

FOR THE FALL & WINTER 1857!

JUST RECEIVED!

(Call soon, secure a good bargain and save money.)

ONE OF THE LARGEST, HANDSOMEST AND CHEAPEST STOCKS OF

Boots and Shoes,

LADIES' GAITERS, SATIN and COLORED;
LADIES' and GENTS' DANCING SHOES, of a new and beautiful pattern;
YOUTH'S and CHILDREN'S BOOTS, SHOES and GAITERS;
INDIA-RUBBER SHOES, and every article in his line.

His stock is choice and carefully selected by himself, and buyers will find it to their interest to call before purchasing elsewhere. M. FAULK.
Oct'r 8, 1857. 51-tf

☞ All who have lost their soles, come forward, and they will be renewed for Seventy-five cents and upwards. M. F.

SELLING OFF AT COST TO CLOSE.

WE will commence this MONDAY, the 30th of November, to sell our entire

STOCK OF DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, &c.,
AT COST
FOR CASH.

C. J. & R. H. JONES.
Nov. 28, 1857. 64-

FALL STOCK, 1857.

B. F. PEARCE & Co.,

ARE now receiving a large and well selected stock of **DRY GOODS,** consisting in part of:

Black and Figured Silks;
English and French Merinoes;
Plain and Fig'd DeLanes;
French all wool Plaids;
Alpacas of all qualities;
Black Bombazine;
English, French and American Prints;
Chenille Shawls, (beautiful patterns;)
Ladies' Cloaks of every description;
Jaconet Edgings and Insertions;
Collars and Undersleeves;
Hosiery, Gloves, Belts;
Ribbons, Trimmings, &c.;
Cloths and Cassimeres;
Tweeds, Jeans and Sattinets;
White and Colored Flannels;
Bleached and Brown Shirtings;
Allendale 10-4 Sheeting;
Bleached and Brown Drillings;
Plaid Linseys and Kerseys;
Marlboro' Stripes and Plaids;
Brown and Bleached Table Cloths;
Towellings of all kinds;
Negro Blankets;
Extra quality Bed Blankets;
Spiral, Brass and Whalebone Hoops;
Good assortment of Hoop Skirts;
Yankee Notions of every variety, kind, and quality;
Silk, Leghorn and Straw Bonnets;
Moleskin, Cassimere and Wool Hats;
Boots, Shoes, Umbrellas, &c.

—ALSO—

A large and fashionable stock of

Ready-Made Clothing,

All of which will be sold low for CASH, or on our usual time to punctual customers either at *Wholesale* or *Retail*. All persons are respectfully invited to give us a call.

B. F. PEARCE. J. W. PEARCE, Jr.
Sept. 7, 1857. 40tf

CHANGE OF FIRMS.

THE business heretofore existing under the names of Geo. Brandt and L. Brandt, separately, has been united, and they have this day formed a Copartnership and will in future conduct the establishment under the firm of G. & L. BRAN

Letter to the Editors of the Observer.

The Fall Terms of the Courts for Alamance County were characterized by an unusual amount of writs for debt, judgments, executions, &c., showing very conclusively that the great monetary panic which has swept like a tornado over the commercial Cities of the Union, involving thousands in poverty and want, has and is now being severely felt even in the interior of the old North State; and many who were considered in affluent circumstances and moved in the higher circles of life, have been compelled to succumb to the storm which has swept over the land. The year 1857 will long be remembered as one of extreme pecuniary embarrassment and distress, when the bright hopes and pleasing anticipations of many were suddenly shrouded in the gloomy darkness of bankruptcy and ruin.

An agricultural people as we are, favored with propitious seasons, bountiful crops and good prices, we are naturally led to inquire into the causes which have produced such a disastrous state of affairs. Suffice it to say, that the same causes which have led to such a state of things elsewhere, have had their influence here. Among the most prominent of these is the undue extension of the credit system, the too great haste to be rich; and the rash endeavor to keep up with the reckless prodigality of this fast and extravagant age.

Too many of our people, disheartened and disgusted at the slow and toilsome process of accumulating the goods of this life in the old and ordinary way, have left the safe and beaten track trod by our forefathers, and have struck out for themselves a new path, which, although for a while perhaps promising to lead them by a shorter route to wealth and ease, has generally ended by leading them into difficulty and danger, if not to ruin and disgrace.

We are apt to hold up our hands in perfect astonishment when we read of the almost fabulous accounts of extravagance in the cities. It appears to us more like the extravagant stories of the Arabian Nights than sober reality. But what is acted out there on a grand scale is acted out here in miniature.

The individual who has perhaps inherited a handsome patrimony, accumulated by long years of toil and economy by a prudent and industrious forefather, must needs make a *big splurge*, and show to the world that he is no ordinary personage. Fine carriages, fast horses, and showy equipage, and the usual accompaniments, soon scatter to the four winds that which required so many years of toil to accumulate.

These individuals have many imitators in the more humble walks of life, and thus it is there is a continual round of foolish expenditure, and handsome fortunes are frittered away in the vain effort to keep up appearances, regardless of the fall which awaits them.

Our farmers and mechanics have renounced that beautiful simplicity which characterized our fathers in the good old times. They lived on the proceeds of their farms, and lived within their means, blest with an abundance of the good things which are usually accumulated by industry and economy. They lived in peace, quiet and tranquility, without any dread of the storms of winter or fear of panics in the monetary world.

Our back country is overstocked with goods. Every village and cross road is stocked with merchandise, and our people, farming people too, buy their shoes and their ready-made clothing. Their buckets, churns and brooms, even to their axe helves, are brought from the North. It is so much more convenient to call around at the store and get these articles on a credit than to produce them on the farm at home. Nor is this all. Entirely an agricultural people, we buy a great many horses and mules from the West; also, a large amount of pork and bacon.

With all these things crushing and grinding us down, is it any wonder that failures and bankruptcies occur?

The merchant buys his goods on a credit at the North, and scatters them broad cast over the country on a credit to his customers—stimulated to increase his sales by the competition in business. The consequence is that a large amount of bad debts are contracted; customers fail to pay; the merchant fails to his Northern merchant; and he of course fails to pay the jobber and importer; and thus there is a general smash up all round.

But I am happy to see that merchants and printers too are making efforts to do away in a great measure with the credit system, and adopt, as far as practicable, the cash principle. It is no doubt an important step in the right direction, and when it is generally adopted and carried out, we may look out for the "good time coming," for its advent is near at hand.

We can then sit under our vine and fig tree, in peace and quiet, not having the fear of sheriffs and constables before our eyes. Hoping that this good time may not be far off, and that you and I may live to enjoy it,

I remain, most respectfully yours,

M.

Sales of Property.—Last week a large lot of negroes, land, town property, &c., belonging to Leroy Springs, was sold at auction in this place. Forty-seven negroes, on 6 months' time with interest from date, brought $25,246—average $537. Thirty-five negroes, sold for cash, brought $22,635—average $647. Man and wife, 25 or 30 years old, brought $1,840; man and wife, about same age, with 1 child, brought $2,026; woman 45 years old, 3 children, $1,400; another woman 30 years old, 3 children, brought $3,000; boys 6 to 17 years old ranged from $475 to $1,300. We were pleased to see that man and wife, mother and children, were generally sold together.

The "Smart Plantation," 7 miles below town, brought $7 50 per acre. Pork hogs brought 6¼ to 6¾ gross—stock hogs sold well; cattle, in poor order, brought $20 to $30; corn, at private sale, brought 55 cts. per bushel.

Two or three tracts of land near town brought from $20 to $30 per acre.

Town property sold rather low. The brick store house on the corner brought $8,500; the three-story brick building just below it sold for $5,100; a very good two-story dwelling house near the railroad bridge sold for $2,100. This property was sold on a credit of one and two years.

Charlotte Democrat.

The Charlotte Whig says that the sales amounted to $110,000, leaving two brick stores, an extensive steam flour mill and a large amount of other property to be sold. There was a very large crowd attracted to the sale, and to show how plenty was money, it states that $200,000 was deposited in one of the banks, and it is probable that as much more was there. The town property did not bring much more than a third of its value.

Sudden Death.—Mr. George W. Brown, for many years a merchant in this place, was struck down, at his residence, Friday afternoon last, by paralysis, from which he expired in about five hours. He leaves a family and friends to mourn his sudden departure, and a whole community to feel the awe inspiring sense of death's terrible presence.—*Sal. Watchman.*

A barn containing the entire crop of wheat of Thos. A. Cameron, Esq., in Orange county, was destroyed by fire a few day since. Loss $2,000—the work of an incendiary.

FOR THE OBSERVER.

TOWN MEETING.

At a meeting of the citizens of Fayetteville, Dec. 21, 1857, called for the purpose of paying a tribute of respect to the memory of their venerable friend and esteemed fellow citizen the Hon. HENRY POTTER, U. S. Judge for the District of North Carolina, on motion, R. P. Buxton, Esq., Mayor of the Town, was called to the Chair, and Arch'd McLean was appointed Secretary.

The chairman, after stating the object of the meeting, passed an appropriate and merited eulogy upon the life, character, and services of the deceased.

On motion, Messrs. James Banks, John H. Cook, and John McRae were appointed a committee to draft resolutions expressive of the sentiments of the meeting. They reported as follows:

WHEREAS, by the summons of Almighty God our venerated friend and fellow citizen Judge POTTER, has been called from life unto death—full of years and full of honors.

Therefore, Resolved. That by his death our town has lost one of its most distinguished citizens; the State of North Carolina a public servant, who largely contributed to the codification of her laws and the founding of her University, and the nation its oldest judicial officer.

Resolved, That in their affliction, we tender to his bereaved family our heartfelt sympathy and condolence.

Resolved, That in testimony of our respect for the memory of our venerated friend, we will attend his funeral to-morrow at the Presbyterian Church, and request places of business to be closed during the hours of the funeral service.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the town papers, and that a copy of the resolutions be furnished the family of the deceased.

The above resolutions were unanimously adopted, and the meeting adjourned.

R. P. BUXTON, Chm'n.

ARCH'D MCLEAN, Sec'y.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.

Death of Gen. Newland.—The body of Gen. Newland was found in the canal this morning. He was formerly elected to Congress from the 8th District of North Carolina, but his election was contested, and he has been lately Superintending Engineer on the Sheboygan Harbor Improvements.

There is an error in the above. David Newland, the General alluded to, was a candidate for Congress in 1835, in what is now the 8th District. He was beaten by the late Hon. James Graham Mr. Newland contested the election; and declaring himself an Administration man, induced the House by a strict party vote to oust Mr. Graham, a whig, but Newland was not voted in. Another election was ordered, and Mr. Newland was beaten 1,614 votes by Mr. Graham.

The National Intelligencer learns that Mr. N was Speaker of the House of Delegates of Wisconsin when a Territory, and has been in Washington several months, it is understood, as an applicant for office. He was about fifty-eight years of age.

John M. Thomas, formerly of Davidson County, N. C., was killed near his residence in Mississippi, on the 7th Dec. inst. He was in the act of getting on the train, when his foot slipped and he fell on the rails. The whole train passed over him, the engine excepted, killing him instantly.—*Salisbury Watchman.*

Governor Rencher.—We notice that Hon. Abraham Rencher, of this State, recently appointed Governor of New Mexico, arrived at Santa Fe on the 11th ult., accompanied by his family. The Governor was greeted by a public reception. Col. John B. Grayson, on behalf of the citizens, welcomed him to his post in a short address, to which Mr. Rencher promptly responded. The proceedings of the day were wound up by a banquet in the Legislative hall, where the usual toasts were drank, and the usual speeches made. We understand that Mr. Rencher has made large investments in mining property in New Mexico.

Wilmington Journal.

Our New Agricultural Journal.—We have received so liberal a response to our proposition to publish a first class Agricultural journal, that we have determined to commence that publication in January next. The first No. may be looked for about the middle of the month; and regularly thereafter it is our intention to mail the numbers so that our subscribers shall receive their copies about the 1st of each month.—*Spirit of the Age.*

Mortality of Raleigh.—Mr. O. Holt, Sexton, made his annual report of the burials in the city cemetery, from January 1, 1857, to December 1, 1857, there being 70 whites, and 57 blacks, making 127 deaths; of which 3 died of pneumonia, 1 of erysipelas, 1 accidental, 1 of inflammation, 5 of intoxication, 4 of consumption, 1 of rheumatism, 2 of dropsy, 6 of old age, 15 of diarrhœa, 6 of whooping cough, 1 of measles, 1 of scrofula, 3 of cold, 4 of croup, 1 of brain fever, 3 of bilious fever, 1 of disease of the heart, 2 of paralysis, 1 of apoplexy, and 9 unknown.

Ral. Spirit of the Age.

In a recent ballot for U. S. Senator by the Legislature of South Carolina, there were eight members who did not know how to spell the names of the candidates they voted for.

Wil. Herald.

We learn from some of the Methodist journals that large and influential conferences have determined to license and ordain no candidate for the ministry who is not willing to forego the use of tobacco in every form. A new university has been endowed also in one of the Western States, with the proviso in its by-laws that no professor shall be entitled to any of the avails of the endowment who is addicted to the use of tobacco.

Mr. John Martin, of London is being put in possession of the "Jennens property," which for so long a period has been without a recognized heir. The sum in cash he inherits amounts to the inconvenient sum of $80,000,000, while his income will be $1,250,000 per annum. The inheritor has been wretchedly poor all his preceding life.

Mr. Peabody's Liabilities.—The New York *Times* is informed on authority whose accuracy, it says has every reason to credit, that the amount of bills which the house of Peabody was under acceptance for when assistance was obtained from the Bank of England exceeded the almost inconceivable sum of six millions sterling.

The Effects of Strychnine Whiskey.—A young woman in Cincinnati got drunk the other day, and was taken to the station; while there she had constant convulsions, during which two men could not hold her. And she afterwards died. The doctors said the fits were caused by free indulgence in strychnine whiskey.

The Mobile Register reports the inundation of the Black Warrior river, fifty one feet above low water mark. Between four and five thousand bales of cotton had been lost, a large number of cattle carried away, and much other damage occasioned.

COMPLIMENTARY.—The Richmond "South" and the Philadelphia "Press," two democratic organs, have engaged in a fierce controversy about Douglas and Kansas. The South closes its part of the discussion with the following, which the public generally has already pronounced a just view of Forney's character:—

"Mr. John W. Forney, of the Philadelphia Press, exhibits an anxiety to provoke a discussion with this paper in regard to the issues of the Kansas controversy; and with that view he chooses to reply to our criticism of Senator Douglas' position with decided warmth of temper and severity of epithet. With the positive conviction that a triumph over Mr. Forney would neither secure us any personal credit nor result in the least advantage to the interests of the South, we must decline to return the gentleman's salutation. We have abundant opportunity for discussion with editors of respectable character, and have no need to descend to the level of an individual who has been convicted of an attempt to extort false testimony against a woman by a liberal supply of liquor to a drunken play-actor. If we could not find a worthy champion we should not accept one whose name is the synonym of personal dishonor."

Senator Johnson, from Tennessee, has already broached his radical doctrines by introducing a bill in the Senate granting "a homestead" of 160 acres of the public lands to every head of a family who will occupy and cultivate them. If the measure were not despicable on account of its agrarianism it would still be most objectionable on account of its partiality, as the States in which the public lands lie would get the whole benefit of it—as well as because it would have a tendency to drain population from the Southern States, already greatly enfeebled in that way, and swell the population of the Northwestern States, inimical to our institutions and more dangerous as they become more powerful. It is such demagogues and political groundlings as this man who are the worst enemies of the South, whose safety depends on a high-toned conservatism in the Government.—*Petersburg Intelligencer.*

It is said that the South in Congress, even among the Democracy, possess more than their share of the leading Committees. This can be explained by the fact that the South keeps her Members of Congress in the House until they have acquired experience. Among the Northern Democracy there are but very few old members. At the South, eight years service in Congress is very common. Four years' service, at the outside, is all that the Northern will allow. Hence the South always brings more political influence into the House than the North. We remove our members just as soon as they begin to gain the weight and influence which experience gives.

Hartford Courant.

A Democratic Jewel.—Most of the leaders of the National Democracy are certainly jewels of the very first water, if we are to take the descriptions of them which we find in Democratic papers. In regard to the peculiar virtues and character of one of the number, for example, the Washington correspondent of the Richmond *South*, says:

"Senator Gwin, of California, has placed himself in a painful position, which is the subject of very general and censorious remark. It is well known that the honorable Senator has disgraced the body of which he is an unworthy member by a public sale of whatever Federal patronage he might be entitled to, or could control, to his colleague; and it is now discovered that the Senator has dishonorably violated the bargain by recommending over his own signature certain appointments to the Secretary of the Navy. It is a pity that the dignity of the United States Senate should be sullied by the personal dishonor of this notorious man."

Lynch Law in Iowa.—The Regulators have again gone to work in Cedar county. Recently they have been working secretly for the capture of one or two noted horse-thieves and counterfeiters, of which Hiram Roberts was the most prominent. For the last fifteen years he has the greater part of the time made this section of the West the scene of his nefarious operations. Last week a young thief was arrested. He refused to confess any thing about his companions, and was swung up and let down gasping three several times. He was then tied up and thoroughly switched. After this operation had continued some time, the young fellow concluded to confess. He told his persecutors, among other things, that Hiram Roberts was to meet another thief named Quilbaugh at a certain house, each with a stolen horse, to be taken from different parts of the country and from particular stables.

The committee at once took steps for the capture of Roberts, by concealing several men in the stable, but suspecting something he did not go in. He was followed to the house of "Big John Hanlin," a friend of these rogues, where he was afterwards captured. He refused to make any confessions, but acknowledged the justice of the Regulators' action. He was then taken into a barn and tightly bound. Two men with blackened faces came into the room, and they were left alone with the thief, every man of the committee withdrawing. In a few minutes the doors of the barn were opened, and the thief and counterfeiter were discovered hanging by the neck from the rafters. The execution occurred on Friday night, December 4th. The body was allowed to hang two days. Thus has Roberts at last paid the penalty of his crimes.—*Davenport Gazette.*

A Sampson in Shackles.—The Monroe (Wis.) Press says they have a prisoner in the Green County jail, by the name of Sam Witham, who has been amusing himself and astonishing the jailor, with his feats of strength. Unaided by a single instrument, he broke a set of the strongest patent handcuffs, rent the shackles from his feet, tore off several locks from the door of his cell, broke a large iron door which served as an additional fastening, and passing out into the hall of the jail, exercised himself in the satisfactory mysteries of a pigeon wing! A night or two since he concluded to give another entertainment, which consisted of breaking two of the iron bars of his cell door, but his performance being unseasonably checked by the entrance of his keeper, he retired from the scene in evident confusion.

Boys and Needles.—Boys sometimes think it takes a great deal of drilling to make them men. They wish they could get out of the shackles. Perhaps it does. But how many things do you suppose have to be done to a bit of steel wire before it makes that simple little tool called a needle, and puts it into the market? Can you guess? Seventy; yes, seventy processes are necessary in the manufacture of a needle. Can you wonder then, that in "making a man of you," you are subject to a great many hard rubs? It is this drilling which strengthens, and weighs, and tempers, and polishes you for manly work in the world.—*The Well-Spring.*

A woman lately obtained a divorce from her husband because he had a bald head, which he concealed by a wig during the period of urging his matrimonial suit and the consummation of the bargain. It was undoubtedly a *bald* assumption on her part, and the man may be congratulated, perhaps, on his *hair*-breadth escape from a conjugal *scalping.*

Personal Preaching.—"Sir," said a lady, one fine Sunday, to a clergyman just after the morning service was concluded, "Sir, I hope you will not preach that sermon again."

"Why not, madam?" "It was so very personal."

"Indeed! What part of it?" "Oh! that part about worldly-mindedness and covetousness."

"But how could that be personal—the remarks were general enough?"

"You may not have intended to apply it personally, but the congregation will."

"To whom, madam?" "Why, to me."

The lady and the clergyman parted, but not very cordially, as she could not extort from him a promise "never to preach on worldly-mindedness any more." A week passed over, and on the Sunday following, the same clergyman preached on the subject of "providing all things honest," etc.; his text occurring in the services of the day, which generally guided him in the selection of his subjects. In this sermon (thought he) there is surely nothing to rouse the feelings of the lady who complained of the former discourse; but on the following morning, as he was fetching his letters from the post office, he encountered the lady's coachman.

"If you please," said John, touching his hat, "if you please, sir, I can explain all about the hats."

"Explain all about the hats, John! I don't understand you." "Why, sir, the hats as you preached about yesterday."

"The hats that I preached about yesterday?" "Yes, I quite understand you."

"That's more than I can do as to you, John; pray explain yourself." "Why, sir, you see, Missis and me had a row about the livery hats; and me, sir, and the butler and footman, felt sure as how Missis had set you to preach to us."

"Well, John, call at my place on your way home."

John did so, and the sermon was produced and read to him. "Yes; that's it, sir."

"Can you read writing, John?" "Yes, sir."

"Well, now look at the outside of that sermon and you see that it was written twelve years ago; and the reason it was preached yesterday was, because the text came in course of the service. I knew nothing about your quarrel, and your Mistress has not spoken to me since the Sunday before last."

John professed himself satisfied.

"I see, John, that hats will sometimes fit as well as caps; good morning to you."

ALCOHOL AS A MEDICINE.

PHYSICIANS OF THE UNITED STATES.

WOLFE'S CELEBRATED

SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS,

A Medicinal Diet Drink, of eminently salutary qualities, manufactured by him self exclusively, at his factory at Schiedam, in Holland.

It is made from the best Barley that can be selected in Europe, with the essence of an aromatic Italian berry of acknowledged and extraordinary medicinal properties. It has long since acquired a higher reputation, both in Europe and America, than any other diuretic beverage.

In Gravel, Gout, and Rheumatism, in Obstructions of the Bladder and Kidneys, and in general Debility, its effects are prompt, decided, and invariably reliable. And it is not only a remedy for these maladies, but, in all cases in which they are produced by drinking bad water, which is almost universally the cause of them, it operates as a *sure preventive.*

The distressing effect upon the stomach, bowels and bladder, of travelers or new residents, and all persons unaccustomed to them, produced by the waters of nearly all our great inland rivers, like the Ohio, Mississippi, and Alabama, from the large quantity of decayed vegetable matter contained in them, in a state of solution, is well known, as also that of the waters of limestone regions in producing Gravel, Calculi, and Stone in the Bladder. The AROMATIC SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS is an absolute corrective of these injurious properties of bad water, and consequently prevents the diseases which they occasion. It is also found to be a cure and preventive of Fever and Ague, a complaint caused by the conjoint effect of vegetable malaria in the atmosphere, and vegetable putrescences in the waters of those districts in which it principally prevails. The AROMATIC SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS is consequently in great demand by persons traveling, or about to settle in those parts of the country, especially, as well as by many in every community where it has become known, on account of its various other remedial properties.

In all cases of a Dropsical tendency, it is generally the only remedy required; when adopted in the early stages of the disease. In Dyspepsia maladies, when taken in proper quantities, as a diet drink, and especially at dinner, it is found, by uniform experience, to be eminently efficacious in the most obstinate cases, when even the best of the usual remedies have failed to afford more than temporary relief. In cases of Flatulency, it is an immediate and invariable specific, and it may be administered in diluted and proportionate quantities, even to young infants, in all those paroxysms of griping pain in the stomach and bowels to which they are especially subject, as well as in the colic of grown persons.

Its judicious adoption in connection with the principal meals, or when a sense of exhaustion dictates its use, never fails to relieve the debility attendant upon protracted chronic maladies, low temperament, and exhausted vital energy, by whatever cause induced. These are facts to which many of the most eminent medical men both in Europe and the United States, have borne testimony, and which are corroborated by their highest written authorities.

Put up in quart and pint bottles, in cases of one dozen each, with my name on the bottle, cork, and *fac-simile* of my signature on the label. For sale by all the respectable Druggists and Grocers in the United States.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, Sole Importer,
22 Beaver Street, New York.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

The word *Schiedam Schnapps*, belongs exclusively to my medicinal beverage, all others is counterfeit and imposition on the public.

UDOLPHO WOLFE.

Nov. 25, 1857. 63-3mi

RHEUMATISM!

A CASE OF THREE MONTHS STANDING CURED.

GEORGE W. HENDERSON, of Pittsburg, says—

"After suffering for three months with Rheumatism, a part of the time so severely as to confine me to my bed, I have been entirely cured by using Bœrhave's Holland Bitters. I have had one attack since, but found almost instantaneous relief in the same medicine. It is in my opinion, a sure remedy for Rheumatism.

Dec. 19. 70-2tpd

EDWARDS

ON

BILLS AND PROMISSORY NOTES,

PRICE, $5 50.

A TREATISE ON

BILLS OF EXCHANGE,

AND

PROMISSORY NOTES,

BY

ISAAC EDWARDS.

Counsellor at Law.

Just Published and For Sale by

BANKS, GOULD & CO.,

144 Nassau street. N. Y.

Also for sale by E. J. HALE & SON.

61-12ti-

PAINTS, OILS AND VARNISH.

A FRESH supply received by

S. J. HINSDALE.

TEAS.

FRESH GREEN and BLACK TEAS for sale by

S. J. HINSDALE.

YEAST POWDERS;
Chocolate;
Saltpetre;
Pure Potash;
Toilet Soap;

For sale by S. J. HINSDALE.

Dec'r 7. 66-

K. M. MURCHISON,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

NO. 104 WALL STREET,

New York.

☞Usual advances on Consignments.☜

50-itf

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE!

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.

Decline in Cotton and Breadstuffs. Severe fighting in India.—The steamer Adriatic arrived to-day from Liverpool with advices to the 9th ult. of her sailing.

The news from India by her is important. There had been severe fighting at Lucknow, in which Gen. Outram is reported to have been wounded. Gen. Havelock was still hemmed in there, but Sir Colin Campbell was marching to his relief.

Commercial.—Cotton was easier but unchanged. The sales for the three days ending Tuesday were 9000 bales, of which speculators took 2000.

Accounts from Manchester were unfavorable.

The money market was generally unchanged.

Consols for money 91¼—for account 92⅛.

Wednesday afternoon. The sales of Cotton to-day were 3000 bales at a decline of ⅛ a 3-16.

Richardson's specie circular quotes flour at a decline of 6d a 1s.

Wheat dull and irregular, and slightly lower.

Corn slow of sale at unaltered prices.

The Bank of France had reduced its rate of interest.

There had been additional failures but none of them American.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 22.

Important From Kansas.—A letter from Kansas says Lane was shot during a political discussion by a government official.

Stanton was still acting as governor.

Gen. Harney had sent a company of cavalry, in obedience to Stanton's requisition, to suppress riots at Fort Scott, where several lives were lost.

Arrivals from the Plains report that companies of infantry had met with reverses.

The Mormons threaten Fort Laramie.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 23.

Still Later from Kansas.—The Legislature of Kansas has repealed the law authorizing the Calhoun (Lecompton) Convention. It has also passed, over Governor Stanton's veto, a bill organizing the militia of the Territory, of which Gen. Lane has been appointed Major General, with eight Brigadier Generals. The Legislature has also passed a law authorizing a vote of the People, on the 4th of January, upon the Calhoun Constitution, in both forms, and also against the said constitution. A new law for preventing frauds at elections has also been passed.

An exciting affair had occurred at Doniphan, a Free-State man named Latham having been murdered. The reported death of Lane is untrue.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 23.

From the Utah Army.—An express had reached Leavenworth from Utah. The whole United States forces, except Cook's command, were concentrated at Black Fork, and were moving to Fort Bridges. It was feared all their animals would perish during the winter. The report that two companies of infantry had met with reverses is unfounded.

AUGUSTA, Dec. 19.

More Indian Fighting in Florida.—Advices from Florida state that there have been more battles with the Indians. Captain Parkhill has been killed and several soldiers wounded.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.

Aid for Walker Intercepted, &c.—The bark *Alnah* was seized by U. M. Marshall Rynders yesterday, on suspicion of being bound to Nicaragua to relieve Gen. Walker. She had fifty passengers.

Rents in Boston.—The *Traveler* calls attention to some notable instances of the fall of rents in Boston. In one case a tenant at $600 was continued at $200. There is an unusual number of houses for sale and to rent, and a general reduction of from ten to fifteen per cent.

Death of a Venerable Scotch Clergyman.—The Rev. Dr. Duncan Macfarlan, principal of the University of Glasgow, Scotland, who died in that city on the 1st instant, was 89 years of age, and the oldest clergyman in the Church of Scotland, having survived nearly two generations of the ministers of the church.

Since 1850, about 23,700 persons have emigrated to Utah from Great Britain. The number of emigrants from the other countries of Europe, during the same period, has not exceeded 5,000.

The Legislatures of Georgia, South Carolina and Alabama have legalized the suspension of specie payment in those States.

The emigration to the port of New York this year, up to the 16th instant, was 182,802—an increase of 42,748 over last year.

"Aunt Mary, why don't you write a book?" said a young girl to a meek-eyed, intellectual looking woman of thirty. "I do not think it is right for a person of your abilities to confine her efforts to her own home circle; remember that much will be required from those to whom much is given."

"Why, my dear Lena, I am now writing two books, and noble ones I hope to make of them too."

"Are you, Aunt? O, I am so glad! What are the subjects, characters, and so-forth? Can I see them?"

"O, yes; you can see them. Come here, Charles and Mary," said she, calling to two intelligent looking children, who were playing in the garden, beneath the window. "Here are my books, Cousin Lena," said she, pleasantly, as they entered the room. "Is not here a fine beginning for two glorious works?"

Lena looked disappointed as she replied, "There certainly is, Aunt, but I do not see that your being the mother of two fine children, is a sufficient reason for your burying your talents in obscurity."

"I do not intend to bury my talents, Lena, I intend to engrave upon the fair tablets of these children's minds all that is good, and true, and beautiful in my own soul, hoping and believing that the inscription that I shall thus trace upon the books of their lives, will be far brighter and more enduring than any contributions I could make to the passing literature of the day. While I was writing what would be of comparatively little real use to any one, some foreign influence might be tracing upon the pages of these precious books that which, in after years, I might vainly wish could be erased."

There is a utilitarian and economical way of considering matters, which was well illustrated by two artisans, when Chantry's bronze statue of George the Fourth was first exhibited. "What a lot of them penny pieces all this here copper would have made," said one. "Ah, never mind Jack," said his companion, pointing at the figure, "it will cost a deal less to keep him than it does to keep the live one."

There is nothing funnier in cockney vernacular than Jeames's letter, according to the veracious historian, Thackeray, when he is in doubt which to prefer of his two lady loves, Mary Hann or Hangelina. He writes: "There they stood together, them two young women. I don't know which is the ansomest; I couldn't elp comparing them; hand I couldn't elp comparing myself to a Hannimile, who found it difficult to make a choice betwigst 2 bundles of A."

THE RAINY DAY.

The day is cold, and dark and dreary;
It rains, and the wind is never weary;
The vine still clings to the mouldering wall,
But at every gust the dead leaves fall,
And the day is dark and dreary.

My life is cold, and dark, and dreary;
It rains, and the wind is never weary;
My thoughts still cling to the mouldering past,
But the hopes of youth fall thick in the blast,
And the days are dark and dreary.

Be still, sad heart! and cease repining;
Behind the clouds is the sun still shining;
Thy fate is the common fate of all,—
Into each life some rain must fall,
Some days must be dark and dreary.

LONGFELLOW

A THOUGHT.

The rose that's wet with summer rain,
Or filled with early dew,
Sheds richer perfume o'er again,
And glows with lovelier hue.
The pearly drops that light within
Its leafy chalice rest,
But fresher beauties for it win,
Its fragrant charms attest.

So hearts bowed down with weight and care,
Or crushed with bitter grief,
Show clearer what their virtues are,
While waiting for relief;
Each tender pang is sweet that springs
From hearts by sorrow riven;
If on its parting breath it brings
Some dearer hope of Heaven.

EPIGRAM.

"Marriage, not mirage, Jane, here in your letter,
With your education, you surely know better."
Quickly spake my young wife, while I sat in confusion,
"'Tis quite correct, Thomas, they're each an illusion."

MONTGOMERY ACADEMY.

THIS Institution, located in the Southern part of Montgomery county, N. C., in the midst of a moral and healthy neighborhood, will commence its exercises on Monday the 4th of January next.

It is preparatory to the University or any other College of the State.

Tuition $8, $12, and $16 per session of five months. No deduction made unless from sickness or unavoidable causes. Board $7 per month, exclusive of lights.

J. W. EWING, Principal.

For further particulars address the Principal at Pekin, N. C.

Dec'r 17. 7-*4t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE subscriber having qualified as Administrator of the Estate of Mrs. Charlotte A Brown, dec'd, at September Term of Cumberland County Court, hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate to present them within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

HENRY ERAMBERT, Adm'r

Dec. 14, A. D. 1857.

FURTHER NOTICE.

BY an order of the County Court, the subscriber at Administrator of Mrs. Charlotte A Brown, dec'd, will offer for sale, at the Market House, in Fayetteville, on Monday the 4th day of Jan'y next, the following NEGRO SLAVES, viz.

A negro Woman and three Children, Mary, John, Frank, and James.

Terms at sale.

HENRY ERAMBERT, Adm'r

Dec. 14, 57. 71-*ts

IMPORTANT TRUST SALE.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust to me executed by Angus McFadyen and Duncan McFadyen, I will sell at the Court House in Carthage, on the 21st day of January, 1858, and on a credit of six months, Four valuable Negroes, three men and one girl, one of the men a good blacksmith, named 'Anderson;' Sixteen head of Mules; Four head of Horses, Four Wagons and Gear; One Tract of Land known as the McFadyen land, 327½ acres, in Moore County, adjoining the Watson lands on Governor's Creek; and other articles of property. Bond and surety required of purchasers.

JOHN T. COUNCIL, Trustee.

Dec'r 22. 71*ts

UNDERTAKERS.

THE subscribers offer their services to the public to furnish Coffins, Hearse, and every other requisite for Funerals. They have a considerable supply of Coffins ready made, and an abundant supply of Mahogany, Black Walnut and Gum and Poplar materials for making any size at a short notice. Orders left at the Cool Spring Mills will be promptly attended to.

HEARSEY & JOHNSON.

Fayetteville, June 29, 1857. 20-tf

Harper's Magazine for Jan'y 1858.

E. J. HALE & SON.

Dec. 22, 1857.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

ROBESON COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1857.

Archibald Graham and others, vs. Hugh Tedder and Susan Tedder.

Petition for a Division of Slaves.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Hugh Tedder and Susan Tedder, the two defendants in this case, reside beyond the limits of this State, it is therefore, on motion, ordered that publication be made for six weeks successively in the Fayetteville Observer, notifying the said defendants of the filing of this petition, and that unless they appear at the next term of this Court, to be held for the County of Robeson, at the Court House in Lumberton, on the fourth Monday in February next, then and there to answer the petition, the same will be taken pro confesso and heard ex parte as to them.

Witness, John M. Hartman, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the Fourth Monday in November A. D. 1857, and in the Eighty Second year of American Independence.

J. M. HARTMAN, Clerk.

Lumberton, Dec. 19th 1857. 71-*6t

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

ROBESON COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1857.

Angus D. McLean vs. Malcom Baxter.

Original Attachment, levied on Ninety-seven acres of Land on Richland Swamp, adjoining the lands of Daniel McMillan, Mary Graham, and others.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant, Malcom Baxter, resides beyond the limits of this State, it is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made for six weeks in the Fayetteville Observer, for the said defendant to appear at the next Term of this Court, to be held for the County of Robeson at the Court House in Lumberton, on the fourth Monday in February next, then and there to show cause why the Land levied on in this case should not be condemned to satisfy the plaintiff's claim, wherein judgment final will be rendered against him, and a venditioni exponas issue to sell the said Land.

Witness, John M. Hartman, Clerk of our said Court, at Office, the fourth Monday in November, A. D. 1857, and in the 82d year of American Independence.

71*6t] J. M. HARTMAN, Clerk.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

ROBESON COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1857.

Washington S. Johnson vs. Malcom Baxter.

Original Attachment levied on Ninety-seven Acres of Land on Richland Swamp, adjoining the Lands of Daniel McMillan, Mary Graham and others.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant, Malcom Baxter resides beyond the limits of this State, it is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made for six weeks in the Fayetteville Observer for the said defendant to appear at the next Term of this Court, to be held for the County of Robeson at the Court House in Lumberton, on the fourth Monday in February next: then and there to show cause why the land levied on in this case should not be condemned to satisfy the plaintiff's claim, wherein judgment final will be rendered against him, and a venditioni exponas issue to sell the said land.

Witness, John M. Hartman, Clerk of our said Court, at Office, the fourth Monday in November, A. D. 1857, and in the 82d year of American Independence.

J. M. HARTMAN, Clerk.

71*6t]

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE.

MONDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 28, 1857.

From and after January 1, 1858, no name of a new subscriber will be entered on our subscription books without payment in advance, and the paper will be discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for. The same rule will be adhered with such of our present subscribers as request it.

PAY OF MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.—The treasury was so full last year, that scarcely a complaint was heard in all the land against the vote by the members of Congress of a liberal salary to themselves. But there is a good deal of indignation expressed, in some cases very abusively, at another act passed already at this session. The bill to authorise the issue of twenty millions of Treasury notes to meet the demands on an almost empty treasury, was passed through with great haste. And the very next day another bill was passed by which the members were enabled to draw out of the treasury instantly nearly a million of dollars in pay and mileage. The salary of $3000 a year is from 3d March 1857 to 3d March 1859. But heretofore this salary was not payable till the end of a session—the member was required to perform some service before he could draw pay. The act now passed permits each member to draw on the first day of the session, nine months pay, from 3d March to 3d December, (besides his mileage,) and thereafter to draw $250 a month. This is paying themselves the snug sum of $2250 each before they have performed any service. And in some cases it works a decided individual as well as public wrong. Mr. Banks of Mass., for instance, has resigned his seat to take effect on the 1st January. His entire service was from Dec. 7th to Dec. 23d, during which the House sat just 13 days. For this arduous labor, Mr. Banks will receive about $2500, besides mileage. His successor will serve two months of the first year, till March 3d, and receive $500 and mileage. This gross injustice is one of the wrongs of the new act. There will be others, in cases of deaths and resignations. In cases of contested seats, of which there are half a dozen pending, the sitting member will draw his $2500, and if he should be found not entitled to the seat, the member who *is* entitled will undoubtedly be entitled to *his* pay also. But the worst evil is, that members are permitted to draw this large sum of $2250, and then neglect their duties, go home, or lie about the dram shops of Washington.

The Senate passed the bill, 26 votes to 13. In the House *the yeas and nays were not taken*, so that nobody can tell who voted for it.

The thing furnishes a fair specimen of democratic economy and disinterestedness.

NEW STATES.—It is now evident that at the present session of Congress three applications will be made for admission of new free States into the Union—Kansas, Oregon and Minnesota. Their applications will probably be successful, and the Union will consist of 34 States. Of these, 14 are Slave States, another (Delaware) is nominally so, whilst 19 will be free States. Add Delaware, and the sections will stand in the Senate, 20 to 14. The equality of the South in the Senate, already lost by a small majority, will be gone forever. A wide gap will be between them. The North will have the power to do as it will, in both branches; for we all know how powerless is the Constitution when a political or sectional party chooses to construe that instrument "as they understand it." Ordinarily, we doubt not that the rights of the South will be respected; but when the ever-recurring agitation of the sectional question shall inflame the public mind of both sections, we look for the obliteration of all just and kindly feelings. The very weakness of the South will make her proud and defiant; whilst the fanaticism of the North will imagine that it will be "doing God service" by trampling on the rights and institutions of the slave-holders. We would have more hope of the future, if Congress were filled with the best and wisest and most patriotic men, who would impress upon the public mind and feelings their own conservative sentiments. But such is not the case to any considerable extent, and the tendency is from bad to worse in that respect.

SOUTH CAROLINA.—The Legislature adjourned on Monday last, having passed the moderate number of 57 laws.

An act relative to the banks was finally passed suspending till Jan. 1859, the penalty for suspending specie payments, on the express condition that the banks shall not be allowed to collect by execution any debt due them until they resume specie payments. After the 1st Jan. 1860, no bank to be allowed to issue more than $3 for every $1 in specie, under a penalty of $500 a day. Weekly accounts to be rendered by the bank to the Comptroller General, and by him published. That after Jan'y 1860, no bank shall issue notes less than $10, under a penalty of $100.

We mentioned in our last that the Legislature had unanimously passed resolutions denouncing the Kansas policy of the President and Governor Walker. Later accounts state that the whole subject was indefinitely postponed.

NEW YORK LEGISLATION.—The N. Y. Courier and Enquirer, remarking upon the early resumption of specie payments by the N. Y. banks, says,—

"We have reason to believe, that a regular combination was entered into some weeks since, by those who infest the lobby at Albany, to prevent any legislation in behalf of the Banks until a very large *douceur* or *bribe* had been extorted from them. It was said and we believe it to be true, that a million and a half of dollars would have been demanded from the Banks of the State as a condition precedent, for the enactment of such laws as would have been necessary to prevent their going into liquidation."

Such proposed corruption among the lobby members of course indicates corruption among the regular members. It appears to be necessary, at Albany and at Washington, *to buy* the enactment of laws. A Southern man may say with pride, that no such infamous system prevails here.

DEMOCRACY.—It can scarcely have escaped the observation of any one who has mingled much in politics, that the most loud-mouthed preachers of democracy are generally the most thorough aristocrats in their manners and feelings,—the most despotic in the exercise of authority. It appears to be a trait of human nature, confined to no age or country. We need not go back to the period of the French Revolution, to cite the thousands of instances of monstrous oppression, committed under the banner of "Liberty and Equality." Our own country abounds with similar characters. Who ever ruled with a more despotic will than Andrew Jackson, the leader of democracy? Who ever practiced democratic habits less, than some of the leaders of democracy, dead or living, in North Carolina?

Gov. Wise of Virginia has just furnished an instance of assumption of authority, which would put to shame even Gen. Jackson himself. The Virginia Senate unanimously called on him by resolution to state the reasons which induced him to loan 2000 muskets to the Governor of Maryland in October last (to arm the Maryland militia in the event of riots in Baltimore.) The Governor gives as his only reason, "comity to the Governor of a sister State," which did not admit of his inquiring into the object for which the muskets were wanted; and frankly admits that there "is no legislative provision bearing on the question of the power exercised" by him and that he "did not pretend to act under any statute."

But he says he did it "under the 'Chief Executive power of the Commonwealth vested by the Constitution in a Governor,' and under the specified power 'to conduct either in person or in such other manner as shall be prescribed by law, all intercourse with other and foreign States.'"

According to this *democratic* doctrine, there is no conceivable power which Gov. Wise may not exercise. He may be as thorough a despot as ever existed. He has only to get up a correspondence with Brigham Young, or the Governor for the time being of Kansas, to enable him to march an army of Virginians with muskets in their hands to those far off regions, to assist in putting up or putting down Mormonism or Slavery.

So also the great head of democracy, President Buchanan, who is standing up manfully, *on paper*, for the right of the people to self-government; when a public officer takes him at his word and proposes to exercise that right in the election of a Mayor for New York city, the President's practice differs so essentially from his preaching, that he removes the officer for the avowed reason that he means to set an example that no office holder shall oppose a regular nomination of the democratic party for any office from President down to constable, on pain of removal.

Such is *democracy!*

"DISTINGUISHED DEMOCRATS."—What a corrupt set of scoundrels the leaders of the Democratic party must be! that is, if we are to believe the accounts given of them by the Democratic papers. We make the remark with a copy of the last Raleigh Standard before us, in which three "distinguished Democrats" are "shown up" by articles copied from the Democratic exchanges of that paper. And we are reminded by reading them, of the article which we copied last week from the Richmond South, showing up Judge Douglas.

The Standard copies an article about Mr. McRae, in which that gentleman is compared to a dog, who lost the substance by grasping at the shadow; and is spoken of as one who disregards the public interests in his eager efforts to clutch public honors. Another article speaks most contemptuously of Senator H. S. Foote; his conduct and his motives are impugned, and he is dismissed, along with Mr. Polk's Secretary of the Treasury, as follows:

"It is said that this weathercock statesman and turner-of-political-summersets, designs rounding off his public life in a series of lectures vindicatory of that great and good man, Robert J. Walker. If any thing could sink little Bob yet lower in the estimation of every Southern patriot, it would be his defence by the hoary traitor of '50–'51. They are worthy of each other, the advocate and the criminal; and it only needs this final folly of Foote to sink both so low, that the hand of the resurrectionists can never reach them."

Douglas, Walker, Foote, McRae, all these, and many more distinguished leaders of the party, are denounced for pretty much everything that is bad, by those with whom they have for years most intimately associated, by those who for years past have been holding them up to the country as most able statesmen, most exalted patriots, most honest men. They have, one and all, dared to differ with the prevailing notion on some one subject of public interest. They have thought this a free country and have dared to make known their dissent to a party dogma. In doing so they have merely anticipated the party by a brief space; for the party changes its dogmas at least once in four years. They gain nothing by their course: they rather lose. Judge Douglas was the favorite for the Presidency, and if read out of the party loses his chance. Mr. Walker gives up an office to gain the right of free speech. Mr. McRae differs with his party when that party has an overwhelming majority. Yet every one of them, siding with the weak against the strong, is accused of being governed by corrupt motives. Every one of them is accused of changing for the sake of office, which in the estimation of their assailants is the highest earthly aim of every public man.

For all we know, these men may be denounced not unjustly. But appearances, to disinterested spectators as we are, are against their assailants; and the country suffers by their course. Good men, men who would think for themselves, and act out the conclusions of their judgments, are driven from the public service by the knowledge that any such course of conduct will subject them to the coarse invective and slanderous abuse of a party press which recognises no rule of action but party success. The places which should be theirs are filled by the small men who are not only content to be, but are only fit to be, the machines which execute the party will, change as it may.

SPECIE.—The New York banks have upwards of twenty-eight millions of specie.

CONGRESS.

In the SENATE, on Saturday, Mr. Crittenden offered a resolution in favor of revising the present tariff, with a view of raising the duties on imports, &c.

The Treasury Note Bill was debated at great length by many Senators, and finally passed, 31 to 18. Of the negatives 4 are leading administration Senators: Davis, of Miss., Pugh, of Ohio, Johnson, of Tenn., Broderick, of California. As the bill passed, the notes issued are not to be of a less amount than $100, and the time of issue is limited to Jan'y 1, 1859.

It is proposed that notes for six millions be immediately issued to meet the pressing exigencies of the public service, by the Secretary of the Treasury, who is also to fix the rate of interest they are to bear, not exceeding, however, six per cent. per annum, and the notes for the remaining fourteen millions are to be sold at par to the bidder or bidders who shall agree to exchange them for specie at the lowest rate of interest, not exceeding six per cent.

In the debate, the necessity of some such measure of relief was explained by the advocates of the bill, and its immediate passage urged to meet the imminent demands of the Government. The discussion on the other side of the question took a wider range, embracing in its scope the policy and expenditures of the Government during the past ten years. The present condition of our National Treasury and of our monetary affairs was instanced as a legitimate consequence of the political system inaugurated by the subtreasury and the tariff of 1846. It was argued that this system, having arrogated to itself the credit of the prosperity enjoyed by the country during the last decade, should now be also held responsible for the collapse which had followed.

On Monday, Mr. Bigler of Pa. replied at great length to Judge Douglas's Kansas speech. He also would have preferred to have the whole constitution submitted to the people, but as the Convention had decided otherwise he agreed with the Convention. He attacked Judge Douglas for want of consistency. Mr. Douglas replied with his usual ability. So far he has not found his equal in the ranks of his assailants.

The debate was continued on Tuesday, Mr. Fitch, of Indiana, assailing Douglas, and the latter replying effectively.

On Wednesday, Messrs. Stuart of Michigan and Broderick of California (both democrats,) spoke in opposition to the President's Kansas course and in support of Mr. Douglas.

In the HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, on Saturday, the Treasury Note Bill was discussed, but little progress was made.

Monday and Tuesday were occupied in discussing the same subject. The Senate Bill was substituted for that of the House, and finally passed, 118 to 86.

The House has passed a resolution, 107 to 76, to inquire whether the Delegate from Utah should not be excluded from his seat in the House on the ground that Utah is in a state of rebellion. [This is giving the man more importance than he deserves.]

Both Houses adjourned from Wednesday the 23d to Monday the 4th of January.

Gen. Cass, Secretary of State, has replied to Gov. Walker's letter of resignation, as Governor of Kansas. The reply has been sent to the Senate by the President, along with other documents relating to Kansas. The Secretary, under date of the 18th inst., objects that Mr. Walker's letter resigning his place is accompanied by a long argument on the affairs of the Territory generally, and intimates that if every officer of the Government who felt himself constrained to refuse obedience to the instructions of the President should pursue so unusual a course, and thus place on the files of the Department a criticism on the policy of the Administration, that no person better than Mr. W. knew to what consequences such a course might lead. He says, further, that the President never entertained or expressed the opinion that the Convention was bound to submit any portion of the constitution to the people except the portion on slavery, much less that the other portions of the constitution would be invalid without such a submission; that had he entertained such an opinion it would have been in opposition to numerous precedents that have occurred since the adoption of the Federal Constitution by the different States.

PREACHING AND PRACTICE.—The democracy contend for a larger specie basis for issues of paper—say one dollar of specie for three of paper. See the President's Message and Secretary Cobb's Report. Now the government has less than four millions of specie and has passed an act to issue twenty millions of notes—that is one of specie for five of paper. So we go.

THE NAVY.—The Courts of Inquiry which have been sitting at Washington have reversed the decision of the celebrated Secret Navy Board in the cases of 29 officers, (including Lieuts. Maury, Maffit and Fabius Stanly,) who are all recommended to be restored to active service, and the President has accordingly nominated them to the Senate.

5 other officers who had been dropped have been placed on the "reserved list;" and 22 others have been changed from "furlough" to "leave pay."

MORTALITY OF CONGRESSMEN.—Since the adjournment of the last Congress, three Senators and three Representatives have died, a greater number, says the Intelligencer, than in any similar period of our history. The Senators were Butler of South Carolina, Bell of New Hampshire, and Rusk of Texas. The Representatives were, Montgomery of Penn., Lockhart of Indiana, and Brenton of Indiana.

RAIL ROAD ACCIDENTS.—All the passenger cars on the train from Wilmington to Weldon were thrown off the track and upset on Monday night last, 3 miles north of Goldsborough. There were about 260 passengers, yet only one person was seriously hurt. The accident was caused by the breaking of a rail as the Locomotive passed over it.

COTTON RECEIPTS.—The total receipts of cotton since Sept. 1st have been 944,804 bales, against 1,325,021 last year. The falling off is consequently 380,217 bales.

The N. Y. Journal of Commerce asserted its belief, some three months ago, that there was no foundation for the reports of a short crop, but that it would reach 3,300,000 bales, or even more. Its estimate was violently attacked, and the maximum yield fixed as low as 2,800,000 bales. The Journal of the 19th inst. says, "We have now reached a season when estimates can be made with some degree of certainty, and there are few who place the total below 3,250,000 bales, whilst many of the best informed make their estimates almost in the very words of our article of three months ago."

This declaration takes us by surprise. Whilst we have not believed in a short crop, we are yet unprepared for one almost equal to the largest ever made. If it be reliable, we would ask what is to done with the crop? With factories stopped in this country and in Europe; with pecuniary troubles which oblige people to diminish their consumption, even of clothing; and with a lack of means, of credit, and of demand, among merchants, which forbid their buying largely of cotton goods, why should we look for a sale of 3,250,000 bales, at fair prices? The consumption of the United States will be reduced from 600,000 to under 500,000 bales. And if Great Britain, with every spindle in full operation last year, had enough from a crop of 2,800,000 bales, what will she now do with a crop nearly half a million of bales larger, and many of her spindles stopped or working half time?

"A cotton planter" writes to the Columbia (Tenn.) Herald a very different story. He estimates the crop at less than 2,500,000 bales.

The Journal remarks,—

"In the same connection, we also noticed the bounteous harvest which had filled the granaries in every part of the country, and urged the farmers to forward their crops to market before the close of navigation, not only as a means of relief in the settlement of debts, but also to equalize the prices, it being for the benefit of neither producer nor consumer that a temporary scarcity and high prices with much consequent suffering among the poor, should be followed by an extreme of an abundance, and a decline that would discourage future production. This appeal was widely copied, and in spite of the contradiction of some who ought to have known better, was not, we trust, without its influence for good upon the the movements of produce. The exports of breadstuffs, although far behind the totals for last year, have been considerably above the average of former years, and have left but a moderate surplus at the seaboard. There is no fear, however, of a scarcity, and speculators will not be able to control the market. We begin the winter, it is true, with only a moderate supply of desirable flour in store, but if we had not a barrel the railroads alone could keep us in food, and leave some surplus for export. In addition to this the whole South will be open to us throughout the winter; and not only from every port below us on the Atlantic, but also from the outlet of the West by the Gulf, we shall have a liberal supply. If at any moment during the winter the prices should increase, such an advance would instantly put the produce in motion from the farthest Western limit of the iron track beyond the Mississippi, and we may therefore set the speculators at defiance. Besides, there are few who would willingly incur the risk of hoarding breadstuffs in view of the probable course of the Spring trade. There is every indication of a mild open winter which will enable the producers at the West to collect their grain together, and prepare it for an early start in the Spring. Prices will doubtless be low, but this cannot stop it, as the surplus must be sold, and there will be no promise of future improvement. The channels of communication with the seaboard will be flooded with wheat and corn, the latter in greater plenty than ever before known, seeking a market at the East, or an outlet on the Atlantic. A golden tide it will prove to the great commercial centres, for if nothing now unforeseen interrupt its progress, throughout all the Spring and far into the heats of summer, it will keep the marts of trade and every available wharf crowded and thronged with a press of business in striking contrast with the dullness of the past."

The Cincinnati Courier of Tuesday, P. M., says:

There was a good deal of animation in the Hog market to-day, and 4,000 sold at prices ranging from $4 75 to $5 12, the prevailing rates being $5 for those averaging from 200 to 215 lbs. The receipts during the week were about 60,000, against 37,000 the corresponding week last year. The Ohio and Indiana Hogs are now arriving quite freely and we may look for large arrivals the coming two weeks. Kentucky continues to send in Hogs quite liberally, nearly 8,000 having arrived from that State during the past week. Provisions are drooping, the regular demand being quite small, and the market is in an unsettled condition.

The Europa, from New York on Wednesday, took $2,337,742 58 in specie which is the largest amount for many months. The North Star, for Bremen on Saturday, will doubtless take a moderate amount of specie.

MARRIED,

In this county, on the 22d inst., by J. P. McLean Esq., KING P. HAMMOND, of Chatham co., to Miss ELIZABETH daughter of Hugh Gilmore, Sr. Also on the same evening, GEORGE A. McKAY to Miss MARGARET McDUFFIE, daughter of M. J. Buie, Esq.

In Centre Church, Robeson, on the 21st inst., by the Rev. Dan'l Johnson, Mr. JOHN K. BROWN, of Wilmington, to Miss JANIE, daughter of the late Benj. L. McLauchlin, of Columbia, S. C.

In Sampson county, on the 17th inst., by Jno. B. Robinson, Esq., Mr. RANDAL POWELL, of Duplin, to Miss SUSAN R. JOHNSON, of Sampson.

In Moore county, on Sunday evening, the 20th inst., by Thos. Rollins, Esq., Mr. HENRY HUNT to Miss MARY ANN GODFREY.

At Charlotte C. H. Virginia, by the Rev. R. C. Vaughan, Mr. HASEL W. BURGWYN, of Wilmington, N. C., to Miss NANNIE ROBERTSON, daughter of Winslow Robertson, of Charlotte.

DIED,

At Opelousas, Louisiana, of disease of the heart, Dr. MARSDEN CAMPBELL, a native of Wilmington, N. C. aged 45. His death was very sudden. His family were summoned to prayer. He was reading from Bishop Bloomfield's Manual of family prayer, the service for Tuesday morning, these words: "*And finally bring us to thy kingdom in heaven, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.*" Just as the last word was uttered, his heart ceased to beat, and he fell lifeless upon the floor.

He was one of the most prominent and esteemed citizens of Opelousas, and the Courts and public bodies paid the highest respect to his memory.

At his plantation in Sevier county Arkansas, on the 11th November, of Pneumonia, THOMAS B. BIZZEL, leaving a wife and three children to mourn his loss. Mr. Bizzell was born in Wayne county, North Carolina, on the 4th September, 1817, emigrated to Arkansas in 1852. He was a loving husband, kind father and warm friend. In his death the community has lost a worthy citizen.—*Paraclifta (Ark.) Times.*

FOR THE OBSERVER.

MASONIC CELEBRATION.

The 27th of December, St. John's Day, falling on Sabbath this year, was celebrated on Saturday the 26th by the Masonic Fraternity of this place.

The ceremonies were of an unusually interesting character: In addition to celebrating the day as a Masonic Festival, Phœnix Lodge No. 8 availed themselves of the occasion to dedicate their new Masonic Hall, an elegant and beautiful structure recently erected on the site of the old building, which we learn was dedicated in 1794.

After the dedication ceremonies, which were performed in the Lodge room, the members marched in procession along our principal streets, preceded by the LaFayette Saxe Horn Band, to the Baptist Church, where after an appropriate Prayer by the Rev. James McDaniel, Grand Chaplain, a Masonic Address was delivered by Deputy Grand Master William K. Blake.

The address of Mr. Blake was happily conceived and admirably delivered. In chaste and elegant language he portrayed the virtues and beautifully delineated the tenets of the Order, graphically described its antiquity, and ably urged its claims to the confidence of all who loved a system of pure morality, or revered an institution whose leading aim was the inculcation of Brotherly Love, Relief and Truth. His allusion to the past bright history of Phœnix Lodge, and her eminent members, touched a tender chord in the breasts of the descendants of those to whom he referred.

The Address was an effort of which Mr. Blake's friends may all feel proud, and of itself would rank him among the foremost Writers and Orators in the State.

The services at the Church were heightened in interest by the truly beautiful and appropriate anthems performed by the Organist, in which she was ably assisted in the singing department by the other members of the Baptist Choir.

The procession returned to the Lodge, where the officers for the ensuing year were installed, viz:

Mr. H. C. Lucas, W. M.
Rev. Jas. McDaniel, S. W.
Mr. W. H. Haigh, J. W.
" P. A. Wiley, Sec'y.
" W. Prior, Treas.
" W. B. Shemwell, S. D.
" R. M. Orrell, J. D.
" D. Wemyss, Tyler.

MESSRS. E. J. HALE & SON:—Please publish the following ticket:

For Mayor,
Archibald McLean.

For Commissioners,
Ward No. 1, J. Sundy.
" " 2, M. McKinnon.
" " 3, E. L. Pemberton.
" " 4, J. McGilvary.
" " 5, A. A. McKethan.
" " 6, Wright Huske.
" " 7, William Warden.

MANY CITIZENS.

We hear nothing of the Rail Road from Fayetteville to the Coal Fields. Are they sleeping over that enterprise? We have often wondered at the apathy of the Fayetteville people over a work on which their salvation depends. Snubbed by the Legislature, they should have doubled their energies, rather than to have relaxed in their efforts.—*Clinton Independent.*

The work on the rail road is progressing steadily, not so fast indeed as if we had plenty of money, but still unfalteringly and with a determination not to be put down by the unkindness of the Legislature.

DIVIDEND.—The Bank of Washington has declared a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent.

STATE BONDS.—We note sales of a few thousand N. C. Bonds in New York at 89.

North Carolina notes are quoted at 3 to 3½ per cent discount in Baltimore, and at 7 to 7½ in New York.

THE ECLECTIC MAGAZINE.—One of the most attractive pictures that we have looked upon lately, adorns the January No. of this work, which we have received from the publishers. It is "Sir Walter Scott and his Literary Friends at Abbotsford," representing the literary magician of the North seated at his own table, at the dessert, reading a manuscript to a dozen of his friends, whose earnest, thoughtful countenances show the power that he had over them as over the whole reading world. They are Mackenzie (the only homely man of the whole group,) Wilson, Crabbe, Lockhart, Wordsworth, Jeffrey, Ferguson, Allen, Wilkie, Campbell, and Constable. We presume that they are likenesses, (taken apparently when Sir Walter was about 50,) and they are worth studying as noble specimens of intellectual and physical beauty.

The Eclectic is edited and published by W. H. Bidwell, No. 5 Beekman street, New York, at $5 a year, and is well worthy of patronage.

There was published in the last Observer, a long advertisement for the Richmond County Agricultural Society. The advertisement had been in this place nearly 2 weeks—during three issues of the Observer—before it appeared in the Observer. We are in the habit of making such publications promptly; and not choosing that our Richmond friends should think that an exception had been made against them, in a matter whose chief interest was dependent on its prompt performance, we stated that it was published as soon as it came to hand.

This statement, concerning our own business, and our business alone, has roused a deal of unnecessary wrath in our neighbor, the Argus; and a long defence is made to free itself from "blame" which it imagines, or pretends to imagine, that we laid upon *its* shoulders for not publishing the advertisement sooner. We beg to assure our neighbor that the "blame" is altogether a creation of its fancy. It is not a matter of the slightest concern to us when it publishes any thing sent to it, or whether it publishes such things at all. We attend to our own business. If our neighbor pursued the same course it might be better for it, and would have saved us the space occupied by this paragraph.

MILLEDGEVILLE, GA., Dec. 22.

The Georgia Bank Bill.—The Governor vetoed the bill legalizing the recent suspension of the Banks, and the Legislature subsequently passed it again by a two-thirds vote of both branches.

HARPER'S WEEKLY.

THE next No. will commence the 2d volume. We will furnish it here, free of postage, at $2 50 per annum, payable invariably in advance. Those who wish to renew their subscriptions, or new subscribers, are requested to call immediately at the Book Store, as no paper will be ordered till paid for.

Dec. 28. E. J. HALE & SON.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.—December 28.

BACON—	15 a 00	LARD,—	14 a 00
COTTON—		MOLASSES—	
Fair to good,	9½ a 9¾	Cuba	35 a 00
Ordin. to mid.	9 a 9½	N. Orleans,	00 a 00
COTTON BAGGING—		SALT—	
Gunny,	20 a 00	Liv. Sack,	1 25 a 00 0
Dundee,	18 a 00	FLAXSEED	1 10 a 0 00
FLOUR—		N. C. SPIRITS—	
Family,	5 25 a 5 37½	P. Brandy,	1 25 a 00
Super.	5 00 a 5 10	Apple do,	1 00 a 00
Fine,	4 75 a 4 85	Whiskey,	50 a 55
Scratched,	4 50 a 4 60	WOOL—	00 a 00
GRAIN—		TURPENTINE—	
Corn,	0 70 a 0 75	Yellow dip,	1 80 a 0 00
Wheat,	1 00 a 1 10	Virgin,	1 70 a 0 00
Oats,	50 a 0	Hard,	0 85 a 0 00
Peas,	1 00 a 0 00	Spirits,	33 a 00
Rye,	1 00 a 0 00		

REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

Bacon—Receipts light, demand less.

Cotton—We reduce our quotations, and, judging from last New York news, the next sales will be less, but not as low as they will be at a future day.

Flour—Quotations fully maintained; sales this morning at highest figures.

Corn—Wanted.

Peas—In demand.

Whiskey—New begins to come in, and has to compete with the low priced Northern, which sells at from 35 to 40 cents, in immense quantities.

Extract from a private letter from New York, Dec. 23d: "Our cotton market flat; no sales for shipping; quantity increasing and pressing on the market; small sales for spinning at 10 cents. Flour market as bad as that of cotton.

Corrected by JAMES G. COOK.

At Cheraw, for the week ending on the 22d inst., sales of 305 bales of cotton at prices ranging from 8½ to 10; most sales ranging from 9½ to 9¾. Flour 5 25 to 5 50, supply good.

At Charleston, Cotton 9 to 10½; extremes.

Middling upland Cotton has fallen below 10 cents at New York; sales at 9¾, with downward tendency. Southern Flour dull at 4 75 to 7 25. New Corn 56 to 62. Spirits Turpentine heavy at 39 to 40. Common Rosin 1 35.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARRIVALS.

C F Line. Dec 23, Str Flora with goods for Cook & Johnson, C T Haigh & Sons, D & W McLaurin, J M Worth & Son, Smitherman & Spencer, Murchison, Reid & Co, J D Williams, G Deming, A A McKethan, S J Hinsdale, R Jones, Presbyterian Church, Dr J McRae, J Worth & Son, Tyson & Kelly, Deep River Co, Worth & Utley, W H Carver.

Dec'r 24—Str Rowan; Dec'r 27—Str Magnolia, with goods for C J Jones, Geo McNeill, C E Leete, E J Hale & Son, R E Heide, W C Troy, P P Johnson, S W Tillinghast, Wm Bell, J Otterburg, H L Myrover & Co, J H Prittchett.

PORT OF WILMINGTON.

ARRIVALS.

Dec'r 20.—Brig Sarah Peters fm St. Thomas; Schr H P Stoney fm New York, J C Manson fm Shallotte, Agnes McLean fm Tar Landing, Lavinia fm Jacksonville. 21.—Schr Mary Abigail fm Lockwood's Folly, Senora Isabel and Laura fm Shallotte, Araminta from Baltimore. 22.—Schr Pearl fm Smithville, Agnes H Ward fm Little River, Jas E Bayard fm Martinique. 23.—U S Mail Steamer Carolina fm Fernandina, Fla

TEACHER WANTED.

A GENTLEMAN well qualified to teach the English, Latin and Greek Languages, will find a situation with a liberal salary, on application to JOHN C. SMITH & BROTHER, 20 miles North of Fayetteville, or by letter addressed to Averasborough.

Dec. 28, 1857. 71-*5t

Mrs. Penelope Swann will open a School for small girls, in the house formerly occupied as a school room by Mrs. Ward, on the first Monday in January 1858.

Dec'r 26. 71-1w

NOTICE.

THOSE indebted to B. F. PEARCE & CO. are notified that their bills will be rendered to Jan'y 1st. Interest will be charged on all accounts (at present due) after that date.

Dec'r 28, 1857. 71-

BUTTER! BUTTER!! BUTTER!!!

1000 LBS. MOUNTAIN and GOSHEN BUTTER. For sale low for CASH by

P. A. WILEY.

Dec. 24. 71-tf

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust, to me executed, I will sell at the Market House on Tuesday, the 12th day of January next,

1 HOUSE and LOT on Mumford Street, occupied by Mr. James Branin. The house is in excellent repair, with a good well of water.

—ALSO—

3 New Buggies;
1 Rockaway;
1 fine Close Carriage;
2 Sulkies;
Several unfinished Bodies: Paints, Oils, &c.; Wood Work and Blacksmith's Tools.

JOHN H. COOK, Trustee,
C. E. LEETE, Auct'r.

Dec'r 28. 71-2t

Presbyterian copy and charge Trustee.

I. M. SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES.

Admitted to be THE BEST and MOST DURABLE Machine made.

THE Subscriber has taken an agency for the sale of these Machines, and having used them for 18 months, can say there can be no doubt that every family or planter, having from 10 to 15 persons to clothe, will find them very profitable: a good operator being able to do as much and as good sewing with this Machine in ONE day as can be done by hand in TEN.

Persons wishing to purchase can see two of these machines in use at my factory.

Circulars giving full description and prices will be furnished gratis on application. Orders solicited.

A. A. McKETHAN, Agent.

Dec'r 26, 1857. 71-3m

LAST NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to Moore & Bro., either by Note or account, must positively settle before the 4th Jan'y 1858, or after that time they will have to settle with an officer; for I cannot, neither will I, wait any longer. I can be found at the store of E. F. Moore.

JO. J. MOORE, Surviving Part.

Dec'r 26, 1857. 72-2t

Carolinian 1 time.

LOST OR MISLAID.

A NOTE on Solomon McColl, Principal, with John McColl as security, for Seventy Dollars ($70,) payable to myself one year after date, January 1, 1857.

All persons are cautioned against trading for said note, and the finder will receive my thanks by returning it to me. ARCH'D PRIEST.

Laurel Hill, Dec'r 24. 71-2tpd

ANOTHER INSTANCE OF THE EFFICACY OF BŒRHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS.

N. M. POINDEXTER, at Union office, September 16th, 1854, says—

"Some weeks since being seriously affected with pain and uneasiness at the stomach, loss of appetite, and at times strong symptoms of dyspepsia, I was induced to try your HOLLAND BITTERS, and I feel it but an act of justice to the article, as well as for the good of those who may be affected with like derangement of the stomach, to state, that the use of one single bottle of this medicine proved of incalculable benefit, having freed the stomach from all sense of depression, and removed every symptom of dyspepsia. I would also remark, that two other members of my family, who were afflicted in a similar manner with myself, were entirely relieved by the use of a single bottle each.

Dec. 26. 71-2tpd

YEAST POWDERS

FOR sale by S. J. HINSDALE.

SELECT CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

THE next Session of the Oxford Grammar School, will commence on the Second Monday in Jan'y.

J. H. HORNER, Principal.

Oxford, N. C., Dec. 3rd, 1857. 65-tS

ONCE MORE TO THE BREACH!

ROCKINGHAM ACADEMY.

DANIEL W. JOHNSON, PRINCIPAL.
JOHN M. JOHNSON, ASSISTANT.

ROCKINGHAM, N. C.

THE Exercises of this School will be resumed on Monday, January 11th, 1858. While the Teachers return their thanks for the very liberal patronage which has been extended to them, their unexpected success during the past session enables them to say that hereafter the school will be select. They sue for scholars no longer. None need come—none shall continue who do not wish, who are not determined to become first rate scholars. We again call attention to the fact that there is a flourishing Female School in the village, thus affording the rare opportunity of sending sons and daughters to the same place. The well known health of Rockingham makes it unnecessary to say anything upon that subject.

Board in private families, or at the Hotels, from $8 to $10 per month.

Tuition per session of twenty weeks, for primary English, $10.00
Intermediate, 12.00
Latin, Greek, French and higher Mathematics, 17.50

Dec. 7, 1857. 68-4t

LANDS TO LEASE.

THE Ashe Plantation, containing 350 acres of cultivating land, on the Cape Fear River nine miles above Fayetteville, will be leased on the 6th day Jan'y next to the highest bidder, for one year, in parcels to suit or all to one person. At the same time and place, T. S. Lutterloh will sell his CORN, FODDER, and other produce of the Plantation, including Farming Utensils, stock of HOGS, CATTLE, &c. Sale to take place on the premises.

T. S. LUTTERLOH.
J. & T. WADDILL.

Dec'r 5, 1857. 66-tS

BUCKWHEAT MEAL.

100 12½ lb. Bags. Just received and for sale by W. H. CARVER.

Dec'r 7. 66-

FISH! FISH!!

25 KITS MACKEREL and SALMON. Just received and for sale by W. H. CARVER.

Dec'r 7. 66-

100 Casks of Lime for sale by W. H. CARVER.

FOR RENT.

ONE Fire-Proof WAREHOUSE. Apply to W. H. CARVER.

Dec'r 7 66-

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to us either by Note, or Account, are earnestly requested to call and pay up, by the 1st of January.

After the 15th of January, we intend to resort to more reliable means than dunning for the collection of amounts due us.

D. & W. McLAURIN.

Dec. 10, 1857. 67-

FINE CHEWING TOBACCO, just received and for sale by W. H. CARVER.

Nov'r 4. 57-

RIO AND JAVA COFFEE.—30 Bags just received and for sale by W. H. CARVER.

Nov'r 4. 57-

NEW YORK SYRUP & MOLASSES just rec'd and for sale by W. H. CARVER.

Nov'r 4. 57-

CHINESE SUGAR CANE SYRUP just rec'd and for sale by W. H. CARVER.

Nov'r 4. 57-

DOMESTIC OSNABURGS and COTTON YARNS, just rec'd and for sale by W. H. CARVER.

Nov'r 4. 57-

50 BOXES TALLOW AND ADAMANTINE CANDLES, just rec'd and for sale by W. H. CARVER.

Nov'r 4. 57-

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS on hand and for sale cheap by W. H. CARVER.

Nov'r 4. 57-

Argus copy.

CHEESE! CHEESE!

25 BOXES just received and for sale by W. H. CARVER.

Nov'r 4. 57-

Negro Blankets and Kerseys, just received and for sale by W. H. CARVER.

Cotton Bagging and Rope, just received and for sale by W. H. CARVER.

ROUND PINE LAND.

WE offer for sale 2000 ACRES round Pine Turpentine Land 17 miles from Fayetteville, between the Western and Centre Plank Roads—the Morganton Road running through the same. A bargain will be sold in these lands. For particulars apply to Mr. Charles Monroe near the land or to the subscribers.

J. & T. WADDILL.

Nov. 9th. 58-tJ1

GUANO.

35 TONS No. 1 PERUVIAN GUANO, for sale by WORTH & UTLEY.

Aug. 28. 38.

FOR SALE.

A DAMANTINE and TALLOW CANDLES; fine and common TOBACCO; and almost anything in the Grocery line. Cheap as the cheapest!

G. W. I. GOLDSTON.

Jan'y 27, 1857. 77-

GUANO.

50 TONS BEST PERUVIAN GUANO, just received and for sale by

GEO. W. WILLIAMS & CO.

Aug. 31. 38-

BOOK BINDERY

R. W. HARDIE has resumed the Book Binding Business, over the Tailor Shop of Clark & Woodward, where he will receive and execute binding in any style desired.

August 1. 27tf

NOTICE.

AT September Term 1857, of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for the County of Cumberland, the subscriber having qualified as Administrator upon the Estate of John McLaurin, notifies all persons indebted to the Estate to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against the said Estate to present them properly authenticated within the time prescribed by law, otherwise this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

D. McLAURIN, Adm'r.

Sept. 15, 1857. 43tf

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having, at June Term 1857, of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for the County of Cumberland, qualified as Administrator upon the Estate of Willie F. Moore, hereby notifies all persons having claims against the said Estate to present the same properly authenticated within the time prescribed by law, otherwise this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

Debtors to the said Estate will please make payment immediately. E. F. MOORE.

June 3, 1857. 13tf

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having executed a power of Attorney to E. F. Moore, he is thereby authorized to make all settlements for me and in my name, and generally to transact all business as I might or could do were I personally present. J. J. MOORE.

Fayetteville, June 3, 1857. 13tf

Blanks for sale at this Office.

FRESH ARRIVALS!

THE subscriber takes this method of informing the citizens of Fayetteville and public generally, that she has just received and added to her former stock,—

LAYER RAISINS, whole, half and quarter Boxes; Prunes in Glass Jars; Currants; Citron; Almonds, Brazil, Butter, Cocoa, Pecan, and English Walnuts; West India Preserves; Salmon; Lobster; Sardines; Pickled Oysters; Sauces; and

Pickles of all kinds.

—ALSO—

Butter, Boston, Cream, Sugar, Lemon, Cup, Fancy and Soda Crackers; English Dairy and New York State Cheese; and a few firkins No. 1 Goshen Butter; which she will sell low for CASH ONLY.

M. BANKS, Green Street

Nov'r 21. 62-2m

Argus copy.

JUST RETURNED

FROM the Northern cities, for the second time this season, with one of the

Handsomest and Really Cheapest Stocks of

READY-MADE CLOTHING;

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods; Latest Styles of Cassimere and Silk Hats; Boots and Shoes; Trunks and Fancy Goods;

I ever offered to purchasers in this market. The present stock particularly having been purchased under very favorable circumstances,—at the October crisis, when goods were low and cash scarce, —and will therefore be sold at a great reduction of former prices.

An early call respectfully solicited.

GEORGE BRANDT
Hay St., Fayetteville

Nov'r 9. 58 tJ!

SECOND STOCK!

STARR & WILLIAMS

ARE now receiving THEIR SECOND STOCK FOR THIS SEASON, embracing.—

Dry Goods,
Hats, Boots, Shoes,
and Made-up Clothing,

which they invite the attention of Wholesale buyers generally.

B. STARR]
Oct'r 6, 1857. [J. M. WILLIAMS. 49 tf

FALL 1857.

New and Cheap Goods!

JAMES KYLE

IS now receiving a large and general supply of Dry Goods, among which are splendid Dress Goods, with every article in the Dry Goods line. All of which, being purchased by the package, will be offered by wholesale or retail at a small advance for cash or on time to punctual customers.

Fayetteville, Sept'r 26, 1857. 46-tf

New Stock of
BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

WE are now receiving our usual New Stock of Books and Stationery, embracing a great variety of

School, Law, Medical and Miscellaneous Books.

Together with a large and varied Stock of BLANK BOOKS, PAPER, ENVELOPES, &c.

Country Merchants and others are invited to call as we offer the above stock on the best terms.

E. J. HALE & SON.

Sept'r 28.

W. H. CARVER

Is now receiving his

Fall Stock of GOODS,

which is large and well selected. A call from old friends and the public generally is solicited. My stock is too varied to enumerate; every one can find something that they want by calling. All kinds of produce taken in exchange for Goods. W. H. CARVER.

Sept. 17, 1857. 43tf

Groceries, Hardware, &c.

THE undersigned are now receiving a LARGE ASSORTMENT of

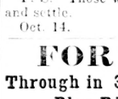
Groceries, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Hollow-ware, Shoes, Leather, and Saddlery,

which they will sell at Wholesale at a small advance on Cost for Cash, or on our usual time to prompt dealers.

GEO. W. WILLIAMS & CO.

July 18, 1857. 29-tf

D. W. C. BENBOW, D. D. S.,



MAY be found at his Rooms, during his regular office hours, viz: from

9 A. M. to 1 P. M.,
3 P. M. to 5 P. M.,

where he will be pleased to receive calls from all who may be in need of his professional services.

No inducement will be held out by offering to perform operations for a small compensation: a good price will be charged in all cases. And patients favoring Dr. B with their confidence, may rely upon his utmost exertions to perform every operation in as perfect a manner as possible.

☞ *All operations must be paid for as soon as completed.*

P. S. Those who are now indebted will please call and settle.

Oct. 14. 51-tf

FOR THE WEST!

Through in 36 Hours, and Crossing the Blue Ridge in the Day Time!!

C. S. BROWN'S Tri-Weekly Line of Four-Horse Post Coaches, from Salisbury to Asheville, via Statesville, Newton, Morganton, Marion and Pleasant Gardens; connecting at Asheville with the line of Stages for the Warm Springs, Knoxville and Greenville, Tenn. This is the best stocked and best managed Road in North Carolina. It is the most expeditious, safe and pleasant, and at the same time the cheapest route for the West.

Leaves Salisbury on Monday, Wednesday and Friday; leaves Asheville on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday;—running in close connection with the North Carolina Rail Road, North and South.

C. S. BROWN, Contractor.

June 15, 1857. 16-

$50 REWARD

WILL be given for the apprehension and delivery to me, or confinement in any jail in the State so that I can get him, of my man JIM. He left on the 20th ult., and has not been seen, or heard of since. He is a bright mulatto, almost white, about 23 years old, about 5 feet 9 inches high, straight hair, and teeth defective, long beard on his chin when he left. Had on when he left a very good suit of clothes, and will very likely try to pass off for a white man, and make for a free State; should he not go north, he will likely go up in the vicinity of Fayetteville, as he was raised there, and formerly belonged to Wm. B. Wright, Esq., of that place. Any person who may take up said Boy will be entitled to the above reward and the thanks of ISAAC B. KELLY

Kenansville, N. C., Aug. 13, 1857 33-tf

LOST,

LAST Saturday, 31st ult., (during the hours of parade,) about the Court House, or between the Court House and the Fair Ground, a small yellow leather Pocket Book, containing $59, consisting of three $10 bills, three $4 do., one $5 bill, one $5 gold piece, three $2 50 gold pieces. A Reward of $10 will be given for the above described Pocket Book and money, delivered to the undersigned.

JAS. H. JACKSON, Musician.

Fayetteville, N. C., Nov. 2, 1857. 56tf

BACON.

5000 LBS. BACON SIDES, for sale by JAS. G. COOK.

Nov. 30. 64-1m

Fresh Layer Raisins; Mackerel, No. 1 and 2, Half Bbls. For sale by C. T. HAIGH & SONS.

Nov. 30. 64-

FOR SALE.

THE following VALUABLE REAL ESTATE, the property of E. C. Hall, dec'd, is offered for sale, and consists of the following tracts:

That desirable place known as Rome, containing about 260 Acres, with all the improvements. This place will be sold entire or divided, to suit purchasers, it being probably one of the best business stands in the country, and is very desirable to those wishing to enter the mercantile business.

No. 2, Consists of a Lot and Brick Store, (2 tenements,) in Campbellton, on Bridge Street, near Clarendon Bridge, and is a very desirable stand for business.

No. 3, Is Three vacant Lots in Campbellton, known in city plot as Nos. 109, 111, 112, and half of lot 113.

No. 4, Is a Dwelling House and Lot on Haymount, corner of Plank Road and Adams St. A very desirable residence for the whole year.

No. 5, Is a Corn Mill and Steam Engine and Boiler, of 10 or 15 horse power. This is well worth the attention of those living where water power is not available, and will be sold at a great bargain.

For terms apply to

J. H. HALL, Assignee.

August 1, 1857. 30-tf

6,500 ACRES OF LAND FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber desiring to move to the West offers to sell the following tracts of valuable land.

1 Tract containing 2566 acres in Harnett County 18 miles North of Fayetteville. There is on this tract, two large and comfortable dwelling houses, with all necessary outhouses, together with a good mill running two saws and grist, with about 300 acres cleared and in a high state of cultivation: the remainder is excellent farming and turpentine land.

Also another tract containing 4000 acres of turpentine land, about 100 acres of which is cleared. There is on this tract one good dwelling with all necessary out houses and a good grist and saw-mill.

I will take pleasure in showing the above property to any person wishing to purchase.

H. S. McNEILL.
Manchester P. O

Nov. 7th, 1857. 67-ts

TRUST SALE.

BY virtue of a Deed made by John W. Weisiger to the subscriber, I will sell at the Market House in Fayetteville, on the 14th January 1858, the HOUSE and LOT formerly occupied by the said J. W. Weisiger, joining G. W. McDonald and others, containing seven and one-fourth acres.

Terms of sale: $350 cash, balance six months credit for satisfactory note payable at bank.

JAS. G. COOK, Trustee.

Dec'r 8, 1857. 67-

2,800 Acres of Land FOR SALE.

THE Subscribers offer for sale the above Tract of Land, lying on Anderson's Creek, about two and a half miles from lower Little River, near Elliot's Mills,—including about One Hundred Acres of good Swamps, which can be easily drained. This Land is very heavily timbered, and a large portion level and of superior quality of Pine Land for cultivation.

Also, a Circular STEAM SAW-MILL, in complete order and well adapted to sawing plank road and rail road timbers. Also, Two well-broke MULES.

All, or any portion of which, will be sold low and on time. The Land will be sold either in a body or in parcels to suit.

SMITH & ELLIOT.

April 6, 1857. 97-tf

690 ACRES OF LAND FOR SALE

THE Subscriber offers for sale the above quantity of Land, situated in a healthy neighborhood, three miles from the Wilmington and Charlotte Rail Road, and four from Lumber River. This Land is well adapted to Farming, Turpentine, and Ton Timber purposes, having a good range and other advantages. Those wishing to purchase may find me on the premises, who will be happy to exhibit it or give any information concerning it desired.

ANGUS McGILL.

Philadelphus, N. C., Sept. 1, 1857. 40tf

FARM FOR SALE

I OFFER for sale my PLANTATION on the East side of Cape Fear River, 3 miles above the Clarendon Bridge, known as the Toomer Lands, containing about 800 acres. The Plantation is in a good state of cultivation, and is susceptible of being made one of the most profitable Farms in the County. I will give a bargain in the lands, and make the time of pay most easy if application is made in a few weeks.

Address me at Gulf, N. C.

J. L. HAUGHTON.

Oct'r 16. 52-

LAND FOR SALE.

1250 ACRES LAND lying on the Camden Stage Road, 15 miles South of Fayetteville. The Land is well timbered, and admirably adapted for Turpentine or Farming purposes; and lies between the Southern Plank Road and Big Rockfish, —convenient to market. There is on it a comfortable frame House, Mill Site &c.

Any information may be obtained on the premises from Mrs. Mary Nelson, or by enquring of

JAMES BANKS, Att'y,
Fayetteville.

Aug 13. 33-tf

FOR SALE.

THE DWELLING HOUSE AND LOT on Gillespie Street, at present occupied by Doctor McSwain. Perfect title can be made. Apply to

THO. J. CURTIS.

ALSO

A GOOD FAMILY CARRIAGE in good repair and nearly new. Will be sold for half its value.

—ALSO—

3 good MILCH COWS with young calves. Apply to T. J. CURTIS.

April 29, 1857. 3tf

FAYETTEVILLE HOTEL

Furniture and Fixtures for Sale.

THE above named property will be sold to any responsible person, upon fair terms, if applied for between the present time and the 15th of December next. If not sold by the 15th of Dec., they will be sold at Auction after the first day of January next, in lots to suit purchasers.

Any information wanted will be cheerfully given by applying to J. H ROBERTS & CO.

Fayetteville, September 12, 1857. 42-tf

NOTICE.

BEING desirous to remove South, I offer for sale 500 acres of LAND, on the Stage Road from Fayetteville to Clinton, 12 miles from Fayetteville, (at the stage stand.) The Land is good Turpentine land, as good FARMING Land as any in this section.

For particulars address the subscriber at Blocker's Post Office N. C.

G. W. BULLARD.

Nov. 17, 1857. 61-tf

LANDS FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale about 6000 Acres of Pine Lands near Fayetteville, containing an immense quantity of Mill Timber, and a number of Turpentine Boxes, and several new tasks may be cut. There is on the premises a fine Dwelling House, and all necessary outhouses,—Scuppernong and Isabella Grape Vines,—1000 young Peach and Apple Trees of Lindley's best varities; also, a good FARM of about 150 acres cleared; and also a GRIST and SAW MILL; and a fine large Meadow of about 140 acres. The Fayetteville and Coal Fields Rail Road passes through these lands about a mile from the Mills. I will sell in parcels to suit purchasers, but would prefer to sell the whole together. Apply to Thos. S. Lutterloh, Esq., Fayetteville, or the subscriber at Pittsborough, N. C.

J. H. HAUGHTON.

Nov. 12, 1857. 60-tf

GUANOES.

758 BAGS PERUVIAN;
327 do. COLUMBIAN.

Not only has the cost of using these Guanoes in connexion been very much diminished, but experiments have proved that the phosphate, so much wanting in the Peruvian, not only increases the yield, but combined with the Columbian makes the crop much more certain.

For sale by D. & W. McLAURIN

Nov. 6, 1856. 54tf

Blank Warrants for sale here.

T. C. & B. G. WORTH,

Commission & Forwarding Merchants,

Brown's Building, Water Street,

Wilmington, N. C,

Usual advances made on consignments.

Nov. 11, 1857. 59-tf

D. A. LAMONT,

Commission Merchant,
Wilmington, N. C.

OFFICE 38 NORTH WATER STREET.

Personal attention given to all produce sent to him either for sale or shipment.

Nov'r 6. 57-1ypd

J. WILLIAM PAGE, M. D.,

PITTSBOROUGH, N. C.

DR. PAGE may be found at his office when not professionally engaged.

May 6, 1857. 5tf

DAVID McDUFFIE,

Brickmason and Plasterer,

IS prepared to do all kinds of work in his line, including the putting up of Turpentine Stills in this and the adjoining counties.

Fayetteville, April 27, 1857. 3-1Y-pd

B. F. PEARCE & CO.,

DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,

Umbrellas and Ready-Made Clothing,

HAY STREET,

Fayetteville, N. C.

B. F. PEARCE.] [J. W. PEARCE, JR

July 30. 29-tf

GEO. ALDERMAN,

Inspector of Naval Stores,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SOLICITS patronage. Prompt attention and quick despatch will be given to business entrusted to his care.

June 23, 1857. 19-12mpd

A. McRIMMON,

Commission and Forwarding Merchant.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

July 6, 1857. 22tf

JOHN P. SAMPSON,

Commission and Forwarding Merchant,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Will give particular attention to the sale of Naval Stores, Cotton, &c.

Feb'y 25, 1856. 85-tf

LOVERD ELDRIDGE,

Attorney at Law,

WILL attend the Courts of Johnston and Sampson Counties.

Smithfield, April 15, 1856. 96-tf

THO. C. FULLER,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

OFFICE at Eccles's Bridge, recently occupied by James Banks, Esq., Fayetteville, N. C

Jan'y 1, 1857. 7

Worth & Utley,

Forwarding and General Commission MERCHANTS,

Fayetteville, N. C.

J. A. WORTH. (72tf) JOS. UTLEY.

W. H TURLINGTON,

Commission Merchant, No. 4 North Water St., WILMINGTON, N. C.

WILL give his prompt personal attention to the sale or shipment of all Consignments of Naval Stores or other Country Produce.

Nov. 8, 1856.

Dr. K. A. BLACK,

OFFICE Front Rooms, over Dr. S. J. Hinsdale's Chemist and Drug Store.

Feb'y 7, 1856. 76-tf

JOSEPH R. BLOSSOM.
COMMISSION
AND
FORWARDING MERCHANT,

Wilmington, N. C.

☞ Prompt personal attention given to all Consignments, and Cash advances made on Produce to be shipped to other ports or sold in this market.

Feb. 12, 1855. 67

JOSEPH BAKER, JR.,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAS taken an office next door to Wm. B. Wright's Law office on Green Street. He will attend and practice in the County and Superior Courts of Cumberland, Bladen, Robeson and Sampson.

March 23, 1853. 79-tf

"LAW COPARTNERSHIP."

WE, the undersigned, have this day formed a Law Copartnership, and will practice in the Courts of the following counties of this State: Chatham, Cumberland, Moore, Harnett, and the Supreme Court.

J. H. HAUGHTON.
JNO. MANNING.

Pittsborough, N. C., Jan'y 1, 1856. 72tf

We call the attention of WHOLESALE DEALERS

TO our present Stock,—and we have recently received—

300 bags Rio, Laguira, Maricaibo and Java Coffee,
20 hhds Sugar, assorted grades,
75 bbls do, Refined, Crushed and Powdered,
95 boxes Sperm, Adamantine and Tallow Candles,
66 do Fancy and assorted Candies,
100 coils Kentucky, Jute and Manilla Rope,
7 bales Bagging, Gunny, Dundee and Burlaps,
30 tons Hoop Iron,
120 boxes Cheese,
20 half-bbls Super Carb. Soda,
40,000 Cigars, various brands,

—ALSO—

Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Cloves, Nutmegs, Borax, Madder, Indigo, Spanish Brown, Brimstone, Fancy and Bar Soaps, Starch, Powder, Shot, Bar Lead, White Lead, Putty and Linseed Oil, Window Glass, Snuff in Boxes, Eagle Mills do., in Half Bbls.; Green and Black Teas, Hollow-Ware, Swedes Iron, English, German, and Cast Steel; Plows, Straw Cutters, Corn Shellers, Sausage Cutters and Stuffers, Trace Chains, Sole Leather, &c., &c.

The above Goods we offer on the most favorable terms to prompt time or cash purchasers.

D. & W. McLAURIN.

Nov. 6, 1856. 54tf

BOOKBINDING

OF all kinds, is executed in the best manner.

Old common Prayers, Bibles, and others, rebound in the same style they were before. This will save the repurchase of new books. Librarians connected with colleges, and other societies, and also gentlemen residing at a distance, will find it a matter of economy to get their books bound here, as a deduction of prices will be made upon large orders: Pack them and send them with particular directions to this establishment; and when finished, they will be carefully repacked and returned without delay.

I have the best stock of materials; and workmanship will compare with any either at the North or South.

Apply for a list of Binding prices before going elsewhere. The undersigned respectfully solicits a share of patronage. THOS. H. TILLINGHAST,

Anderson Street.

Nov. 5, 1857. 54-Y

DWELLING FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber wishes to sell the large Dwelling and Lot on the corner of Gillespie and Russell Streets, at present occupied by Mr. Henry Erambert. Terms reasonable. E. J. HALE.

SHEMWELL HOUSE,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

East side of Green Street, a few Doors North of the Market House.

THE Subscriber desires through this medium to acknowledge the liberal patronage bestowed upon his House the past year—and as he has just erected New Stables and Carriage Shed convenient to the House and to water he takes pleasure in saying to his patrons and the public generally, that he is still prepared to accommodate them with transient and permanent board, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore received. Every exertion on his part shall be used to render them comfortable during their sojourn with him. His table is always supplied with the best the market affords.

P. SHEMWELL.

March 24, 1855. 86-tf

DOBBIN HOUSE!

POWERS & CO., PROPRIETORS.

THE Proprietors of this Establishment announce to the public, that owing to the constantly increasing patronage extended to them, they have been induced to enlarge the accommodation by the addition of an extensive Dining Room on the lower floor, and suite of Rooms on the second floor; thus enabling them to accommodate all who may favor them with a call. And they pledge themselves to an increased exertion to give satisfaction to their patrons.

Spacious Stables attached and careful Ostlers in attendance.

The eligible location of the Establishment, with the experience of the Proprietors in providing for the comfort of their patrons, they hope will secure to them a liberal share of the travel.

The Western and Southern Stages arrive at and depart from this House.

Carriages in attendance on arrival and departure of Steam Boats, for the accommodation of passengers. Horses and Carriages furnished at any notice for carrying travellers to any part of the adjacent country.

J. W. POWERS, & CO.

Fayetteville, May 12, 1856. 3tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale, my LANDS in the Town of Fayetteville, about 130 Acres, known as the

MUMFORD SWAMP.

About 80 Acres of it is fine Meadow Land, as the Crop now on it will show. Also, the

Valuable Brick Store and Lot

near the Market Square, occupied by Mr. John A. Pemberton.

A Large and Valuable Lot, fronting on Donaldson, Maxwell and Mumford Streets, known as the Hotel Garden Lot.—could be divided into several Building Lots—very near the new Female High School Buildings.

Also, the Stable Lot adjoining, fronting on Mumford Street.

Several DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS on both Winslow and Mumford Streets.

All this property can now be purchased on favorable terms, and a large part can remain on Bond and Mortgage if desired.

THO. J. CURTIS.

Oct. 10, 1855. 43-tf

ROBERT D. GREEN,

(LATE GREEN & WEAR,)

WATCH-MAKERS, JEWELLERS, &c.,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

R. D. G. begs to return his sincere thanks to the public for the kind patronage so liberally bestowed upon the late Firm, and informs them he has bought the interest of J. S. Wear, and will continue the business in all its branches at the old stand, under his entire superintendence.

N. B All Watches left with him for repair will be taken apart in the presence of the owners, and the necessary repairs pointed out to them and a written contract given for the same, which work will be warranted for two years.

On hand and for sale now, the most varied and choice selection of CLOCKS and other time pieces that has ever been offered to the public in North Carolina, which he will sell at New York prices, and also WATCHES for two years.

Shop Rent due to and by the late firm will be paid or pureceived by R. D. GREEN.

August 25, 1856. 34-tf

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, that Books of Subscription to the capital stock of the Central Rail Road, from Beaufort Harbor via Kenansville, Clinton, Fayetteville, and West, will be opened on Thursday, the 10th day of April 1856, and remain open according to the terms of the Charter until further notice, at the following places and under direction of the following named persons, Commissioners in the Charter, viz:

In the County of Onslow, at the office of the Clerk of the County Court at Jacksonville, and at the Post Office Rich Lands. E. W. Fonville, G. J. Ward, J. H. Foy, Robert White, John A. Averitt, Jr., Owen Huggins, L. W. Humphrey.

In Carteret county, at the office of Dr. M. F. Arendell at Beaufort Dr. M. F. Arendell, J. F. Bell, L. T. Oglesby.

At the store of G. W. Taylor at Carolina City,—Col. Wm. N. Dennis, H. S. Bell, Capt. Levi Oglesby, Bridge Arendell.

In Duplin county, at the office of the County Court Clerk at Kenansville,—Major Owen R. Kenan, David Reid, Isaac B Kelly, Wm. E. Hill, Wm. J. Houston, Stephen Graham.

In Sampson county, at the office of the County Court Clerk at Clinton,—Thomas I. Faison, Dr. Thomas Bunting, Wm. McKay, Patrick Murphy, Wm. Faison, J. R. Beaman, Alfred Johnson.

In Cumberland county, at Fayetteville, at the office of A. A. McKethan,—Thomas R. Underwood, Randal McDaniel, Edward L. Winslow, John C. Blocker.

Form of subscription:

The Undersigned agree to take the number of shares of $100 each, set opposite to our names respectively, in the Central Rail Road Company; and in all respects to comply with the terms of the Charter.

Names	Residence	No. of shares	$ Cash	Work

Subscriptions may be made payable in work, and may specify whether for grading or cross-ties; and stockholders shall in every case have preference in taking Contracts, when bids are the same or at Engineer's estimate.

As soon as one hundred thousand dollars are subscribed, the Commissioners of Onslow county are to be notified, and they are required to call a meeting of Stockholders to organize the Company.

March 15, 1856. 13tf

O. HOUSTON

WOULD inform his friends and former customers that he may be found 2 doors below the Cape Fear Bank, and 3 doors above his old stand south side person Street, where he intends to keep on hand,

Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars,

and every thing belonging to his trade. He respectfully invites his friends from the country to call and examine his stock before purchasing.

He will attend to Repairing of Harness and Saddles punctually, and his charges shall be moderate. He would request all indebted to the firm of HOUSTON & OVERBY to settle with W. Overby or himself, as they are compelled to settle the firm's debts.

August 27, 1856. 3 tf

LAND FOR SALE.

1100 ACRES OF LAND lying on upper Little River, in Harnett County, well timbered and well located for the Turpentine business. It will be sold on accommodating terms. Apply soon to the Subscriber at Fayetteville.

WM. McL. McKAY.

Sept. 22, 1856. 41-tf

Book Agents Wanted.

THE Subscriber, having taken the General Agency for getting subscribers to and delivering Hawks's History of North Carolina, now in process of publication by Messrs. E. J. Hale & Son of Fayetteville, is desirous of entering into an engagement with one or more active, intelligent and reliable persons in each of the Judicial Circuits, to canvass their respective parts of the State, or particular counties, thoroughly. Immediate application is desired, as sample copies of the first volume will will be ready in a few days.

Undoubted testimonials as to character must accompany each application. Address

H. W. HORN.

Dr. Hawks's History
OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The Subscribers are now prepared to furnish the 1st volume of this valuable work, which has received the highest commendation wherever it has been read, not only for its literary execution but for its typographical getting up. It may be obtained, either from us or from our General Agent for the State, H. W. Horne of this place, or any of his Assistant Agents. The price varies according to style of binding: In handsome cloth $1 25; in Library Sheep $1 50; in half Calf $1 75. IT IS SOLD ONLY FOR CASH. None will be charged, either by ourselves or our Agents. A liberal discount will be made where quantities are taken to sell again.

It will be sent by mail to any part of the country, on receipt of the price and 24 cents to pay postage.

The 2d volume is in course of preparation. There will probably be four or five volumes in all. The succeeding volumes will probably contain about 500 pages each, and will be sold at a proportionally higher price, viz: half a cent a page for the cloth binding, 25 cents additional for sheep and 50 cents additional for the half calf binding. E. J. HALE & SON.

Fayetteville, April 29, 1857.

P. S. The Agent and his Assistants design to visit every county in the State, with the book, as soon as convenient. In the mean time, orders to him or to us, accompanied by the cash, will receive prompt attention.

STANDARD & MISCELLANEOUS *BOOKS.*

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Nov'r 17.

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